Are you in it?
That is, have you an advertisement in the DAILY TIMES? If you haven't, why haven't you?

Victoria Daily Times.

USE LONDON HOSPITAL COUGH CURE AT COCHRANE & MUNN'S

VOL. 16 VICTORIA, B. C., THURSDAY, MARCH 3, 1892 NO. 55

JUST RECEIVED---DIRECT FROM EUROPE

A splendid assortment of the Celebrated

French and Italian Mandolines, Guitars

BANDURRIAS AND ZITHERS.

Also genuine **English Tambourines, Nigger Bones, English and Anglo-German Concertinas.** Also a fine assortment of **Russian Gut Strings** for Violins, Guitars and Banjos, to which we call special attention.

We have at present the finest assorted stock of Musical Goods in town, which we offer at low prices for cash.

C. A. LOMBARD & CO.

71 GOVERNMENT STREET.

—TO—

CANNERY MEN, INDIAN TRADERS!

AND OTHER WHOLESALE BUYERS

—OF—

DRY GOODS.

You will save from 15 to 25 per cent. by making your Spring Trade purchases from our stock.

We are now confining ourselves to our Agency business, and are POSITIVELY WITHDRAWING from the Dry Goods branch of our trade, and have decided to

SELL OFF OUR DRY GOODS within the next 90 days.

BY PRIVATE SALE in any quantities, at or under cost; or

BY TENDER for the whole Stock en bloc; or

BY AUCTION if not previously disposed of.

The Stock is fresh, and is composed of Staple Goods. It is free from shopworn and undesirable lines, as all such have been cleared off at forced sales. The entire stock has now to be sold. No reasonable offer refused. An inventory of the goods at cost price is ready for inspection.

A. B. GRAY & CO.

Wharf Street, Victoria, 17th February, 1892.

YOU'LL BE SORRY!!

IF YOU DON'T GET YOUR JEWELERY MANUFACTURED & YOUR WATCHES REPAIRED AND ADJUSTED AT KINGHAM & MINORS.

WE MAKE A SPECIALTY OF MANUFACTURING GOLD & SILVER JEWELERY INTO ANY SHAPE OR FORM.

YOU FURNISH THE IDEA, WE DO THE REST. REPAIRS OF ALL KINDS NEATLY AND PROMPTLY EXECUTED. CHARGES MODERATE.

ALL WORK GUARANTEED AT KINGHAM & MINORS

49 GOVERNMENT ST.

HATCH CHICKENS BY STEAM.

Full particulars and Incubator catalogue free.

J. S. SMITH, CHILLIWHACK, B.C.

—:NEW:—

JAPANESE GOODS

Just received by last steamer, consisting of all kinds of Silk Goods, Tea Sets, Vases, Trays, Cabinets, Writing Desks, Screens, Chairs, Tables, Toys of all kinds, great variety of Curios, Bronzeware, etc. The finest lot of Japanese Goods in the city.

ROKUBAN CO.

150 GOVERNMENT ST.

L. B. HAMLIN, C.E. and D.L.S.

FRANCIS BOURCHIER, Notary Public, R.E.B.

HAMLIN, BOURCHIER & CO.

REAL ESTATE

—AND—

FINANCIAL - BROKERS

26 Fort Street.

GREEN, WORLOCK & CO.,

SUCCESSORS TO GARESCHÉ, GREEN & CO.

Established 1873.

—BANKERS—

VICTORIA, B. C.

Deposits received on liberal rates of interest.

Drafts, Orders, Telegraph Transfers and Letters of Credit issued direct on over 10,000 cities in the United States, Canada, Europe, Mexico and China.

Collections made at every point.

Gold Dust purchased at highest market rates.

—AGENTS FOR—

WELLS, FARGO & COMP'Y

HOSTILITIES IN AFRICA.

Congo State Troops Inflict Severe Punishment on Troublesome Natives.

The Declaration Expected From the Lately Formed Ministry in France.

Another Great Storm Causes Trouble Among Shipping on the English Coast.

BRUSSELS, March 3.—Some time ago the natives of the Upper Congo, about a hundred miles above Stanley Pool, killed a white man. He was the only white man under the protection of the Belgian government who has ever fallen a victim to native hostility. This murder was the culmination of a period of unrest, during which many insults were offered to the whites. It was decided that the natives must be severely punished. Capt. Vankerkovan, Inspector-General of the Congo State, started out with an expedition of 500 soldiers. They travelled up the Congo to the mouth of its greatest southern tributary, the Kasal, which they ascended for 40 miles to the big town of Mushi, described a few years ago as under control of a native queen. Then the expedition began to burn and plunder the town. They killed scarcely any people, but the edict went forth that the natives had been disobeying the laws and acting in a rebellious manner, and they must be punished. So all the villages along the Kasal for 40 miles were burned to the ground. The natives fled to the woods and their plantations were laid waste. Then part of the expedition descended the Kasal and started up the Congo again, while an auxiliary party travelled overland to Bolobo, where the two met. Bolobo is one of the most populous regions along the Congo. The villages, which stretch for miles along the river banks, were burned to the ground. It was a very severe lesson, but even the missionaries say it was necessary, and it will be possible now for white men to travel in that region without imperilling their lives. This is the most serious trouble the Congo State has ever had along the main river.

Secretary Foster in England.

LONDON, March 2.—Charles Foster, Secretary of the United States Treasury, arrived in Southampton on the steamer Spree this morning. Upon landing he was presented with a bouquet which a special dispatch says was the gift of Mrs. Harrison. He took the 10 o'clock train from Southampton for London. In an interview Mr. Foster said the steamer had a splendid passage from New York. He was not at all sea sick, and already felt much benefitted by the trip. He added: My mission is solely in regard to my health. I have no intention of seeing Mr. Goschen or anyone else in regard to silver or immigration. I may go to Paris on Friday." Robert Lincoln, United States Minister, and the staff of the legation, were at the Waterloo station in London to receive Mr. Foster when the special train arrived. The Secretary, however, did not travel by the special train, but came on the train that left Southampton later.

Disastrous to Shipping.

LONDON, March 2.—Stormy weather prevails in the English Channel. A heavy sea is running and snow-falls are of frequent occurence. At Dover there is a blizzard prevailing and the passage across the channel is very rough. Mail boat Ville de Deuvers, plying between Dover and Osten, while attempting to make the pier at Dover, was driven on the rocks, but was shortly afterwards towed off, sustaining no injury. On the east coast of England all the ports are filled with weather bound vessels. British steamer Plato bound from Liverpool for Brazilian ports was abandoned yesterday in a sinking condition, 160 miles west of the Seilly Islands. Her crew was taken off by the British steamer J. W. Tayler, bound out from Liverpool, which landed them at Falmouth.

The French Political Crisis.

LONDON, March 3.—The Times correspondent at Paris has a rumor to the effect that there is an intention to overthrow the new cabinet and force a presidential crisis.

PARIS, March 3.—According to a forecast of the declaration of policy of the new cabinet to be read in the Chamber of Deputies to-morrow, the ministry will appeal to the Republicans to refrain from barren and irritating questions and confine their efforts to home reforms. It will announce the maintenance of the Concordat, with the application of organic statutes sufficient to insure the rights of the state. It will promise to uphold existing commercial treaties with foreign nations; and in conclusion will declare in favor of the development of the army and the continuance of the diplomacy which has gained all for France, thus insuring peace.

The British May Have Trouble.

LONDON, March 2. — Advices from Lagos, a British colony, on the west coast of Africa, are of a warlike character. Egbas, who has 200,000 warriors, has joined Jebus to stop British traffic. Traders doing business in the colony telegraphed Liverpool and Manchester houses to cease shipments of cotton stuffs. The British force in Lagos is weak and must be reinforced before offensive operations can be undertaken.

British Vessel Abandoned.

LONDON, March 2. — The British steamer Plato, bound from Liverpool for Brazilian ports, was abandoned yesterday in a sinking condition 160 miles west of the Scilly islands. Her crew was taken off by a British steamer, which landed them at Falmouth. The Plato was an iron vessel of 1684 gross tons, and her engines were of 170 horse-power. She was owned in Liverpool.

ANOTHER BOAT'S CREW LOST.

Two Men of The Labrador Lost off Clayoose ---News From the Cape.

CARMANAH, March 3.—Bar. 29.90; temp. 40; fresh wind; clear. Two barks are out on the American side. The Mary Ellen and 32 other sealing schooners are bound out. One is a small vessel. The Carter left early this morning for Sombro River. The Carter reports that a boat and two men were lost off Clayoose. The boat belongs to the Labrador.

COCKBURN'S SCHEME.

The Member for Centre Toronto Posing as a Purist.

OTTAWA, March 3.—In the House today Mr. Cockburn, of Toronto, made a motion to appoint a special committee to make further enquiry into the payment of workmen and other matters in connection with the Baie des Chaleurs railway, which was ventilated before the Senate last year. He spoke strongly against Mercier.

Sir John Thompson refused the committee, arguing that the matter was being considered in the Province of Quebec and was sub judice. Mr. Cockburn then withdrew his motion.

Mr. Laurier said the motion had served its purpose, since the member from Toronto had been privileged to make a stump speech. It might have had more effect if addressed to the electors of Quebec, where the election was now going on.

The motion was dropped.

VANCOUVER NEWS.

Another Fine Halibut Catch----Steamer Launched--Hotel Project.

VANCOUVER, March 3.—The steamer Cruiser, owned by J. H. Taylor, was launched this morning. She is the old Egerman remodelled and enlarged, with new engines.

The house of Messrs. Dunbar and Richards has been burglarized. Three suits of clothes and two hats were taken.

W. Prentice, secretary of the B. C. Sugar Refinery, has returned from a successful business trip to Winnipeg, where a number of large orders were placed.

A syndicate of wealthy capitalists are considering the advisability of erecting a hotel at English Bay. The hotel will cost about $75,000, and an architect is now preparing plans.

Mrs. S. T. Tilley met with an accident yesterday. While stepping from a street car her dress caught and she was dragged several feet, receiving serious injuries.

The Eliza Edwards arrived in port last evening at 7 o'clock with the largest halibut catch ever made on the Pacific coast. She had 1000 fish on board, weighing altogether 50,000 pounds. They were magnificent fish of the finest quality. The work of discharging them was begun early this morning, and it is the intention to ship them in refrigerator cars to eastern markets, placing them in New York, Boston and Chicago. They will fill two cars, which will be sent through by express. The Eliza Edwards was thirteen days out. After coaling at Nanaimo she ran straight for the fishing grounds in Hackett straits, 70 miles north. The time spent in fishing was four days. The weather was excessively rough during the whole time they were in the straits. The fishing was done with a trawl. Besides the halibut about two tons "skil" were also caught, and will be placed on the local market.

THE MAY HUNTER CASE.

Evidence Given at the Inquest as to the Cause of Death.

NEW WESTMINSTER, March 3.—At the adjourned inquest into the death of May Hunter, George Smith gave evidence that he saw deceased at 8 o'clock the night before she was found dead. May Hunter wanted witness to lend her $20 to go to Victoria or Seattle to get girls for her place. The Hunter woman told witness she had only $22, and would have to pay the girls' fare over and did not want to be short. May Hunter offered witness a diamond ring worth $60 for a loan of money. Witness said he told the Hunter woman he had no money to lend, but would give her some in the morning. Witness was on his way next morning to give May Hunter the money when he heard she was dead. The woman had told witness she did not care to live long. She had no friends; even Bob McGinnis had left her.

Chief Houston stated in his evidence that the appearance of the body, bedclothing and room indicated a considerable struggle, which might have lasted several hours before her death. Near the bed of the deceased was a bottle labeled "listerine."

Physicians do not credit the theory that May Hunter was despatched by chloroform. Dr. C. J. Fagan, who held the postmortem, said he could find no traces of it. If she had died of chloroform her features would have been placid after death, but the features were distorted, which was pretty conclusive evidence that death was not caused by chloroform. Dr. I. M. McLean, who saw the body before it was cold, substantiates his associate, Dr. Fagan. Dr. McLean does not place credit in the chloroform theory, but is inclined to the theory that the deceased was murdered by suffocation.

Chief Houston has just received a telegram from Chief of Police Crawley, of San Francisco, that Peter Wilberg had been arrested for May Hunter's murder. Chief Houston said he never requested his detention; it was all the newspapers.

Fire in Frisco

SAN FRANCISCO, March 2. — At 2 o'clock this morning fire broke out in Maurice Valterliens tannery, which was totally ruined. Loss $50,000, fully covered by insurance.

THE FISHERY COMMISSION.

The Evidence Given by S. A. Spencer and Robert Ward This Morning.

Hon. Mr. Higgins Objects to Mr. Wilmot's Course of Action as Chairman.

Important Facts Relative to the Cannery Industry Brought to Light.

The Fishery Commission was a little late in commencing work this morning, Mr. Wilmot, the chairman, not arriving in time. There was a fairly large attendance of cannery men as had been expected. There were present: Robert Ward, D. J. Munn, A. Ewen, S. A. Spencer, R. P. Rithet and several other representatives of the cannery men and fishermen.

Mr. Robert Ward asked the chairman how far the scope of the commission extended. Did it only include the Fraser River or did it extend to the northern canneries and the deep sea fisheries also?

Mr. Wilmot said it included all the fisheries.

The first witness called was Mr. S.A. Spencer, of the northern cannery. He was a resident of Alert Bay and came here in 1859. His evidence would be regarding seining in Nimkish River. Fish could not be caught by any other mode there. The seines are used according to law and the fish are allowed to go up. They are only used at certain stages of the tide and not at night time. The first year there was a cannery fish were plentiful. The next year they were not. Since then the runs have been irregular; 1890 was the biggest year they have had. They usually had cans for 5000 cases but in 1890 they could have got 15,000 cases. Last year there were but 700 cases, it being the worst they have had. The recorded figures were right as far as he knew. The falling off was a freak of nature as the fish were in the water but did not come. He did not think the catches of former years decreased the number. The Indians did not, as it had been said, have a mode of stopping the fish from going up the river. The sockeye fish were the ones that had fallen off. It is not that the fish have been stopped from going up the river or on account of former catches that the runs have decreased. The small streams are the spawning grounds of the sockeye. The mouth of the river, where the nets are placed, is about 200 yards wide. They sometimes fish in the salt water. The fish show themselves and the fishermen surround the shoals. Sometimes they make a water haul. The seines are of the kind allowed by law. He used two boats on the river and paid the two licenses. The seines were 150 fathoms, but he could not tell the depths of them. The largest haul made on the river was about 8000, but after that he could have hauled more if he needed them. He had spent a great deal of money getting out the snags and rocks. The gill nets could not be used on the Nimkish River as he knew from experience that the gill net could not be used in clear water. The fish wait at the mouth of the river. They commenced fishing about the middle of June, when the fish go up to spawn. Of course all the fish do not go up at the same time. The average size of the sockeye salmon there is about twelve to the case or seven pounds. The offal is deposited in the salt water. The cannery is on an island and the offal goes into the salt water and is carried off. A week after they have done fishing the offal is gone. He did not own any of the river. The government proposed that he should have an exclusive right for $150 and he has been fishing under that right for three years. Before having the lease he paid $25 a year license. He employed 50 to 60 men in his cannery, principally Indians. He had eight or nine white men; about three in the cannery. Last year he had 11 Chinamen but he principally encouraged the Indians. He bought some fish from the Indians who caught them in the fresh water. They do not use their food in selling fish to the canneries as they do not use the sockeyes for food. The Nimkish River is inhabited by the same fish as the other rivers. Other fish have decreased in number just as the sockeyes have. It was just a freak that the fish did not come last year as all fish have decreased in number.

To Mr. Higgins—He never heard of fish being stopped at the rapids. The Indians put a rack in but do not obstruct the river. He had some knowledge of the life of the fish. The fish go up and come down. Some died on the lake, he knew, as he had heard of some of them being seen dead. He had marked fish and found them next year. The undercurrent carries the offal to sea and scavenger fish make away with it. The run in 1890 was larger than ever before, although he had fished for nine years. There is no hatchery on the Nimkish. The extra catch in 1890 did not affect last year's catch.

To Mr. Wilmot—Both in 1889 and 1890 he caught a very few more fish in other places. He was just experimenting. He did not catch enough to pay him. He could have caught enough in the river to fill all his cans. The increase in 1889 and 1890 was not caused by the few caught in other places. He could have put up 20,000 cans in those years out of the river. It did not aid him one can when he caught fish in other places. He had cans left over from last year. A certain percentage but not all of the fish that go up the river die.

Mr. Rithet asked to put a few questions to the witness through the board.

Mr. Higgins held that the most exhaustive report should be made, and he thought the questions should be put.

Mr. Wilmot and Mr. Armstrong refused to do so.

Mr. Higgins said questions had been put to witnesses at Westminster and he thought Mr. Rithet should be allowed to put the question.

Mr. Rithet apologized for putting the question.

Mr. Ward said there were large interests at stake and he thought the enquiry should be impartial. The board was arrogating powers.

Mr. Wilmot—"Did you say arrogating?"

Mr. Ward—"I did."

Mr. Wilmot—"Well, I will have to call you to order."

Mr. Ward withdrew the word but said if the questions were not allowed to be put he must say the commission was not impartial. It was the first commission he had heard of where counsel was not allowed.

Mr. Armstrong said if the cannerymen wanted counsel they should have asked for it at the commencement.

Mr. Higgins objected to Mr. Rithet's question not being allowed so that the cases can be considered on their merits.

Mr. Rithet said it was no use discussing the matter as he would not now ask a single question.

Sheriff Armstrong said that in a court of law no question was allowed to be put to a witness except by the lawyer handling the case.

Mr. Rithet—Excuse me, but I consider you are wrong, as this is quite different from an ordinary court.

Sheriff Armstrong said that might be so, but they could not allow questions to be put by everybody from all parts of the hall.

Mr. Wilmot thought it out of place for persons in the audience to ask questions.

Mr. Rithet said he believed this was done in Westminster.

Mr. Armstrong asked his authority.

Mr. Rithet—Mr. Munn is my authority.

Mr. Munn said he had heard this very thing done at Westminster by Mr. Wilmot.

Mr. Wilmot said this was under special circumstances.

A dispute arose over Mr. Todd rising to ask a question. Mr. Armstrong peremptorily ordered him several times to sit down and keep quiet. Mr. Todd said that if he could not be heard he would leave the toom.

Mr. Rithet—Don't you do it; we did not come here to be sat upon.

Mr. Armstrong—Nobody has any intention of sitting on you.

Mr. Wilmot wished the press to take down a statement of Mr. Rithet's as to not being heard, and the chairman's reply. Mr. Rithet denied having made the statement Mr. Wilmot gave to the press.

Thomas Bogart, a Nimkish River fisherman, sworn, said he lived at Rock Bay. Had been there eleven years as a fisherman. He fished for Mr. Spencer seven seasons. The nets were in the water only half an hour at a time. He had never seen the river closed, or anything in it to stop the fish going up. One season there was more fish than the canneries could use; the surplus they let go, marked; they caught those marked fish in later years. There was no perceptible difference in their size. They caught them three years in succession. They must have returned from the waters above. He thinks a certain proportion of salmon return from the fish ponds. Had known as many as 8000 caught at one haul in a good run. Fish must spawn at the lakes above the rapids. Never saw artificial means to prevent the fish going up. Indians sometimes put traps in, but not enough to stop boats, canoes or fish going up. Never saw fish return in any great number. The fishermen don't stay up there. The fish themselves eat a good deal of the offal; the rest goes out to sea. Halibut often eat the offal. Witness had fished in the Fraser one year.

To Mr. Wilmot—No offal remains lodged along the beach. It is all washed away by the current. Could not say why the decrease was so great in 1889.

To Mr. Armstrong—Begin to fish in middle of June. What Mr. Spencer had said about the nets was correct. There are about 165 meshes in the net, and it tapers off to the end when it is not so wide. It makes a kind of a bag. Only a few flounders are caugh there besides the salmon. There is no fishing for halibut there, as it is too far to market. They have tried various kinds of salmon nets, but the only way to catch them was by the nets described or by traps. The nets reach about half way across the river and are brought back to the shore. One end is fastened to the shore. They fish from half tide until near flood. The rise and fall is 16 feet. The tide runs up the river between 3 and 4 miles, the river is about 3 rods wide at the mouth. Does not think anyone could fish with a drift net at three miles up on account of the current; it is all rocks and shallow water. Has never seen any dead fish in the river.

Robert Ward, sworn—Is a merchant of Victoria; has resided here since 1870. Mr. Ward preferred to have questions asked him instead of making a statement. Since his residence in the Province had been, indirectly, in the fishing industry. His experience had shown him that the offal had not damaged the Fraser river. He knew that stream better than any other in the Province, and frequently visited it. It had been suggested that offal might be more profitably dealt with than as at present, namely, in the oil factories and as fish guano. It had been tried by a man of capital and experience who soon found himself losing money. It had also been shipped to Britain at an absolute loss. Its objectionable character as manure made it hard to get ships to carry it. One vessel arrived in England with a load of it, in a very dilapidated condition. The price it fetched in England was only £7 per tin.

Regarding the subject of "waste" published in the blue book and including offal, he would quote from his own experience that he had never seen the waste alleged in the report. The definition what constituted waste, given in the report, astonished him. In the very face of this was the fact that complaints

Continued on page 8.

CANADIAN NOTES.

News by Mail and Wire from all Parts of the Dominion.

Thirty-one men are employed in the Dominion police.

Father Phillips, the oldest person in Muskoka, is dead, aged 95.

E. P. H. Miller, a popular employee of the Union Bank, is dead.

Twelve Liberals nominated in Quebec have repudiated Mr. Mercier.

Joseph Fremont was yesterday re-elected Mayor of Quebec without opposition.

St. Paul's Episcopal church of Fort Erie was burned yesterday, entailing a loss of $1500.

The official count for East Simcoe gives Bennett, Conservative, 16 majority over Spohn.

Charles Robertson, M.A., the principal of the Hamilton Collegiate Institute, died last evening.

Three men were arrested in London on Friday charged with attempted personation during the election.

Frost's furniture and show case factory burned yesterday at Belleville. Loss, $7500; insurance, $1800.

Boisseau Bros., a large Montreal retail dry goods firm, have effected a compromise with their creditors.

At Romney, John Coatsworth, aged 77, is dead. He was one of the earliest settlers and served in the rebellion of 1837.

The duty collected at Winnipeg during the last month amounted to $54,273.30, a considerable increase over last year.

Mr. Maufette, the Opposition candidate for the Quebec legislature in Nicolet, has resigned. Mr. Beaubieu, Conservative, is consequently elected.

The Orange Grand Lodge of the Northwest Territories was organized at Regina yesterday. The Manitoba Grand Lodge is in session at Brandon.

The evidence regarding Col. Herchmer's treatment of the men while at Banff brought out a good deal of sensational evidence at the enquiry at McLeod.

Owing to the fact that the writs for the Monck election, which was fixed for the 10th instant, did not arrive in time, the date of polling has been changed to the 12th.

After two or three years dickering and delay the connection between the Canadian Pacific and Northern Pacific tracks at Winnipeg will be made immediately.

A rumor is current in Kingston that Postmaster Shannon will be superannuated and Metcalfe, M. P., will get the office. The Conservative leaders say the rumor is absurd.

John McLaughlin, of Yarker, accidentally fell against a stove with an elevated oven. The oven dropped on him and pinned him to the floor with such force that it is feared he will die.

It is probable new tenders will be invited for the Soulanges canal. The engineers who have revised the plans think that certain changes will effect a saving of a quarter of a million dollars.

Jean Tetu, the late Dominion immigrant agent at Emerson, against whom boodling was proved at the last session of the Canadian Parliament, returned to Winnipeg last week from hiding in Dakota and died yesterday.

The Winnipeg Board of Trade has passed a resolution favoring the Dominion Millers' Association requesting the Dominion Government to arrange a *modus vivendi* with Newfoundland whereby produce may be exchanged upon old terms until the existing difficulties are diplomatically settled.

The first Manitoba and Northwest excursion of the season left Toronto last night. There were 37 well filled cars, mostly with well-to-do farmers from Ontario, who are going up on a prospecting tour and intending to return in time for seeding. There are about 500 in the excursion.

Port Arthur Council has ratified the agreement between Shuniah and Port Arthur for the trade of 10,000 acres of Shuniah land for $10,000 of Port Arthur money. Legislation to ratify the dicker is to be tried for and Mayor Ruttan was voted expenses to Toronto to interview the private bills committee.

A man named Samson with his wife and two small children, arrived in Winnipeg from Stonewall and stopped over night at the Manor House, intending to proceed to New Westminster yesterday, but he blew out the gas on retiring for the night and narrowly escaped asphyxiation. They will proceed west on Friday.

An application has been made to Judge Elliott at London to hear reasons why he should not deliver judgment forthwith on appeal to him as to the disputed voters in the recent election. The statute requires him to proceed summarily with these appeals. Friday next was appointed to hear the argument.

Gordon Mowat, otherwise known as Moses Oates, formerly an editorial writer, has been appointed climatologist in connection with the Toronto Observatory. Special observations will be taken this year at the Canso cable station by two astronomers of the Royal Observatory. The object is to determine the longitude of Montreal.

H. H. Cox, ex member of Parliament, and a prominent Liberal, writes the Globe suggesting the holding of a convention of the Liberal party to discuss questions pertaining to the interests of the party in every department of the public's welfare. In his opinion the constituencies unrepresented in the House of Commons by Liberals, as well as those represented, should have a voice in the affairs of the party. He says: "Take for instance Manitoba, the Northwest Territories and British Columbia. They are only represented by one Liberal member, and I see no reason why they should not have a voice in the affairs of the party. Though unfortunate at the polls they should not be ignored.

Large quantities of Canadian grain have already been diverted from the St. Lawrence route to the United States waterways. This means a loss of business to the Canadian boats in the spring. Considerable Manitoba grain has been chartered for the opening of navigation from Port Arthur via Buffalo and New York. Last year between two and three million bushels of Canadian grain were exported via Buffalo, and it is said that United States forwarders are underbidding Canadians in competition for business again this season. Vessel owners are now asking 3s. 9d. per quarter from Montreal at open water to London and Glasgow, and 4s. to Bristol, and it is said freight room can be obtained in New York and Boston at 2s. 6d. to London and Glasgow and 1s. 6d to 1s. 9d. to Liverpool.

The Globe in an editorial on the story circulated concerning the alleged compact between the Roman Catholic church and the Conservative party says: "In view of the Conservative boast that the vote would go solid for the Conservative candidates, we made a very especial inquiry in Lincoln, Peel, Prince Edward, Kingston, South Ontario, East Elgin and Victoria, and we could not find that the report was confirmed, by returns. It may be that rather a larger Catholic vote was cast for some of the Conservative candidates than in March last, but it is true also, that a larger Protestant vote was cast for their candidates." Continuing the Globe says: "We have not protested against the solid vote because there has been no solid vote, and we shall not be incited by the reverses that have overtaken the Liberal party to insult the Catholic people, nor shall we, for fear of the using of the Catholic cry against the Globe, make any wanton attack on the Catholic clergy."

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

35 CENTS - A - BOTTLE

USE IT FOR

Difficulty of Breathing
Tightness of the Chest
Wasting Away of Flesh
Throat Troubles
Consumption
Bronchitis, Weak Lungs
Asthma, Coughs
Catarrh, Colds

DR. T. A.
SLOCUM'S

Oxygenized Emulsion of Pure
COD LIVER OIL
TASTELESS
FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS
LABORATORY. TORONTO. ONT

A Healthy and Delicious Beverage.

Menier Chocolate. Learn to make a real cup of Chocolate, by addressing C. Alfred Chouillou, Montreat, and get free samples with directions.

Linen Crumb cloths at Weiler Bros

To Investors, Settlers, and Speculators:

To such we confidently commend the following properties, most of which, beyond all doubt, will prove splendid investments, sure to treble their present value in the very near future.

18.—100 acres, Shawnigan Lake, a bargain, $650.
19.—100 acres, West Saanich road, seven miles from city, cheap.
20.—150 acres West Saanich road, 100 acres bottom land, 50 acres under crop. A snap at the price asked.
21.—250 acres, West Saanich road, 100 acres bottom land, cleared.
22.—142 acres, West Saanich road, half mile water front, splendid fishing, shooting and hunting.
23.—100 acres, West Saanich road, good house, etc., 20 acres cleared; would lease.
24.—70 acres, East Saanich road.
25.—100 acres, East Saanich road.
26.—50 acres, East Saanich road, good land, partly cleared and fenced, with cottage and fruit trees.
27.—Four farms at Cobble Hill.
28.—One farm close to Langford Station.
29.—60 acres in five and ten acre blocks, close to city limits, $100 and $500 per acre.
30.—Three fine building lots, Grant street, Fernwood, only $1900, easy terms.
31.—Three fine building lots, Fowl Bay road, one minute from Cadboro and Oak Bay cars, $1400.
32.—30 acres, Sec. 15, R. 6 E. Seven acres cleared. $75 per acre.
33.—162 acres, W portions of Secs. 72, 73, 74, Prospect Lake, mixed land, $25 per acre, easy terms.

SNAPS:

34.—For rent or sale, superior built 5-roomed cottage, woodshed, etc. Lot 60x120. Splendid location for chicken raising.
35.—Rent and sale, 4-roomed cottage, close to car; woodshed, etc. Price $1150; cash $150, balance $50 quarterly, at 7 per cent.
36.—Splendid business opening (hotel) for party with $6000 cash.
37.—Splendid business opening (grocery) for party with $4000 cash.

A. WILLIAMS & CO.
5 STORE STREET,
OPPOSITE RAILWAY DEPOT

JOHN MESTON

CARRIAGE MAKER
BLACKSMITH, ETC.
Broad street, between Johnson and Fando streets
VICTORIA B. C.

FOR SALE
THE FAST
Steam Yacht "Angerona"
Of 14 Tons.
Can be seen at the foot of Herald street. For particulars apply to JAMES HUNTER.
fe9-1m 154 Government St.

RE-OPENED
The Windsor Hotel
Will be re-opened on March 3rd by the proprietor and proprietress, Mr. and Mrs. McDonald. The house has been thoroughly renovated. In thanking their friends for their kind patronage in the past, they solicit a share in the future. Mrs. McDonald will have full charge of the dining-room, and her sterling qualities in this line speak for themselves. fe27 1w

Argyle House

NEW SPRING GOODS

New Quilts
New Toilet Covers
New Towels
New Dress Goods
New Prints and Sateens
New Ginghams
New Flannelettes

New White and Unbleached Cottons
New Canton Flannels
New Checked and Striped Muslins
New Lawns and Cambrics

2 Cases New Corsets
Crompton's Coraline and Yatisi.
Also the new French makes D. & A., Perfect Fitting Corsets.

J. Horner & Co.

STANLEY HOUSE
Cash Dry Goods
Cor. Broad and Yates.

We are now busy opening up our
NEW STOCK
FOR THE
COMING SEASON.
Our stock this season will be by far the Largest and Most Varied we have ever shown.

We have now received our advance shipments, consisting of
25 CASES
CONTAINING
STAPLES,
HENRIETTAS,
BLACK DRESS GOODS,
CANTON DRAPERIES,
Etc., Etc., Etc.

Thirty-five Cases additional new goods to arrive during the next week.

W. S. HAMPSON & CO.

TO LET
A well finished
ROOMY NEW HOUSE
On Silvia street, Dallas road, with every convenience, and full view of the Straits.
RENT $35 PER MONTH.
Apply at 39½ Government street.
J. GERHARD TIARKS, - - Architect.

STEAMBOATS.
THE OCEANIC STEAMSHIP COMPANY

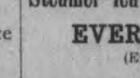
CARRYING UNITED States, Hawaiian and Colonial mails, will leave the Company's wharf, foot Folsom street,
FOR HONOLULU
S.S. AUSTRALIA (3,000 tons) Tuesday, March 15, 1892, 2 p.m.

For Honolulu, Auckland and Sydney, Without Change.
The Splendid New 3,000 ton Iron Steamer
Monowai ..... Thursday, March 31st, 1892, 3 p.m.
Or immediately on arrival of the English mails
For freight or passage apply at office, 327 Market street, San Francisco.
JOHN D. SPRECKELS & BROS.
nov26 General Agents

STEAMBOATS.
HO! FOR THE EAST!!
The Upton Line of Steamships
GOOD PASSENGER ACCOMMODATION
$300!! $300!! $300!!
Round Trip to Yokohama, Kobe and Hongkong, good for six months, only $300, including all stop-over privileges, sailing monthly from Victoria.
SS. ZAMBESI
Due 11th March, via Honolulu.
SS. ROMULUS
Due 25th March.
Passengers are assured of every attention, comfort and civility while on board. For further particulars and every information apply to
F. C. DAVIDGE & CO., Agents.
131 Government street, Victoria, B.C. jy8

PACIFIC COAST S. S. CO'Y
Dispatch a steamer
Every 7 days for San Francisco
Carrying Her Majesty's Mails.
FROM OUTER WHARF AT 11 A.M.
Umatilla - - - - - - March 5
R. P. RITHET & CO., Agents.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.



STEAMER ISABEL
J. E. BUTLER, Master.
On and after November 19th, '89,
Until further notice,
The Steamer ISABEL will sail as follows:
CALLING AT WAY PORTS:
Leave Victoria for Nanaimo.....Tuesday, 5 a.m
" Nanaimo for Comox.....Wednesday, 7 a.m
" Comox for Nanaimo.....Friday, 7 a.m
" Nanaimo for Victoria.....Saturday 7 a.m
For freight or passage apply on board. oct7

Puget Sound and Alaska Steamship Co.
TIME CARD.
STEAMSHIP CITY OF KINGSTON
VICTORIA ROUTE.
8:00 a.m .....*Lv Tacoma Ar ..... 5:15 a.m.
10:15 a.m .....Lv Seattle Lv..... 3:00 a.m.
1:30 p.m .....Lv Pt Towns'd Lv..... 12:00 p.m.
4:30 p.m .....Ar Victoria Lv ..... 8:30 p.m.
STEAMSHIP CITY OF SEATTLE.
WHATCOM ROUTE.
5:30 p.m .....†Lv Tacoma Ar..... 4:30 p.m.
9:00 p.m .....Lv Seattle Lv..... 2:30 p.m.
12:15 a.m .....Lv Pt Towns'd Lv..... 11:30 a.m.
2:45 a.m .....Lv Anacortes Lv..... 9:15 a.m.
7:30 a.m .....Ar Fairhaven Lv ..... 8.00 a.m.
6:15 a.m .....Ar Sehome Lv..... 7:15 a.m.
4:30 a.m .....Ar Whatcom Lv*..... 6:00 a.m.
SNOHOMISH RIVER ROUTE.
5:30 p.m .....†Lv Tacoma Ar..... 4:30 p.m.
7:00 a.m .....*Lv Seattle Ar..... 2:00 p.m.
8:45 a.m .....Lv Edmonds Lv..... 12:30 p.m.
10:30 a.m .....Lv Muckilteo Lv..... 10:45 a.m.
12:00 m .....Lv Marysville Lv..... 9:30 a.m.
2:00 p.m .....Lv Lowell Lv..... 8:00 a.m.
3:00 p.m .....Ar Snohomish Lv*..... 7:00 a.m.
STEAMER EDITH.
PORT TOWNSEND (MAIL) ROUTE.
11:00 p.m .....†Lv Seattle Ar..... 3:00 p.m.
..... Kingston Lv.....
12:30 a.m .....Lv Pt Madison Lv..... 3:10 p.m.
8:00 a.m .....Lv Pt Gamble Lv..... 11:00 a.m.
4:00 a.m .....Lv Pt Ludlow Lv..... 10:00 m.
6:00 a.m .....Ar Pt Towns'd Lv†..... 8:00 a.m.
*Daily except Sunday. †Daily except Saturday
†Daily except Monday.
For further information apply to
G. G. CHANDLER,
fa18 G. F. & P. A., Tacoma, Wash.

UNION PACIFIC
Steamer leaves foot of Yates St.
EVERY MORNING
(Except Saturday)
—FOR—
Port Townsend, Seattle and Tacoma
AT 7 A.M.
For further information regarding
STEAMSHIP ::: TICKETS
—AND—
CHEAP TICKETS TO ALL POINTS
IN UNITED STATES AND CANADA
Call on or address,
C. G. RAWLINGS,
General Agent.
100 GOVERNMENT STREET. fe2

CANADIAN PACIFIC NAVIGATION CO.,
(LIMITED.)
TIME TABLE No. 16,
Taking effect Jan. 15, 1892.
Vancouver Route.
Victoria to Vancouver daily, except Monday, at 2 o'clock, a.m.
Vancouver to Victoria daily, except Monday, at 13 o'clock, or on arrival of C.P.R. No. 1 train.
New Westminster Route.
Leave Victoria for New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Lulu Island, Sunday at 23 o'clock; Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock. (Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C. P.R. train No. 2 going East Monday.)
For Plumper Pass Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock.
For Moresby Island Friday at 7 o'clock.
Leave New Westminster for Victoria, Monday at 13 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.
For Plumper Pass Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock
Northern Route.
Steamships of this Co. will leave for Ft. Simpson and intermediate ports on the 1st and 15th of each month. When sufficient inducements offer will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.
Barclay Sound Route.
Steamer Maude leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound ports on the 27th of each month.
The Company reserves the right of changing this Time Table at any time without notification.
G. A. CARLETON, General Agent. JOHN IRVING, Manager.

RAILWAYS.
ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.
TIME TABLE NO. 15.
To take effect at 8.00 a.m. on Tuesday, October 20th, 1891.
Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

GOING SOUTH. READ UP.	No. 1 Passenger Daily.	No. 3 Passenger Sat. and Sun.	Miles from Wellington.	STATIONS.	No. 2 Passenger Daily.	No. 4 Passenger Sat., and Sun.	Miles from Victoria.	GOING NORTH. READ DOWN.
	Ar. 12.45 P M	Ar. 6.00 P M	72		De. 8.00 A M	De. 2.30 P M		
	" 12.30	" 5.45	71		" 8.04	" 2.34	1	
	" 12.10	" 5.25	67		" 8.14	" 2.44	5	
	" 11.45 A M	" 5.10	62		" 8.30	" 3.00	11	
	" 10.50	" 4.25	52		" 8.54	" 3.24	21	
	" 10.40	" 4.14	50		" 9.04	" 3.34	25	
	" 10.27	" 4.00	48		" 9.14	" 3.44	28	
	" 10.13	" 3.44	45		" 9.28	" 3.58	33	
	" 10.01	" 3.30	43		" 9.38	" 4.08	36	
	" 9.53	" 3.22	41		" 9.46	" 4.16	38	
	De. 8.30	De. 2.00 P M		NANAIMO.	Ar. 10.00	Ar. 5.30		
	Ar. 8.55	Ar. 2.25 P M			De. 10.00	De. 5.30		
	De. 8.10	De. 1.50 P M		WELLINGTON	Ar. 11.10	Ar. 6.39		

ON SATURDAYS AND SUNDAYS
Return Tickets will be issued between all points for a single fare, good for return not later than Monday.
Return Tickets for one and a half ordinary fare may be purchased daily to all points, good for three days, including day of issue.
No Return Tickets issued for a single fare, where such fare is twenty-five cents.
Through rates between Victoria and Comox
A. DUNSMUIR, President. JOSEPH HUNTER, Gen'l Supt
H. E. PRIOR, Gen. Freight and Passenger Agent
oct1

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY
—THE—
HIGHWAY OF THE WORLD.
DAILY THROUGH TRAINS
—TO ALL—
EASTERN POINTS,
$5 and $10 cheaper than by any other line. Passengers booked to and from all
EUROPEAN POINTS
Tickets now on sale for
ROUND THE WORLD EXCURSIONS,
Good to go in either direction.
For time tables and full information apply to
D. E. BROWN, Asst. Gen. Fgt. & Pass. Agt.
ALLAN CAMERON, Vancouver, B.C.
Fgt. & Pass. Agent,
Corner Government and Fort sts.
Victoria, B.C. au24

QUICK TIME!!!
TO SAN FRANCISCO
—AND—
ALL POINTS IN CALIFORNIA,
Via the Mt Shasta Route of the
Southern Pacific Company
The Great Highway through California to all points East and South.
Grand Scenic Route of the Pacific Coast
PULLMAN BUFFET SLEEPERS.
Pullman Tourist Sleeping Cars
Attached to EXPRESS TRAINS, affording superior accommodations for SECOND-CLASS Passengers.
For rates, tickets, sleeping car reservations etc., call upon or address
THOS A. GRAHAM Dist. Pass. Agent
No. 110 South 10th St., Tacoma, Wash
E. P. ROGERS
Asst. Gen. Fgt. and Pass. Agt.

FROM TERMINAL OR INTERIOR POINTS
— THE —
Northern Pacific
RAILROAD
Is the line to take
TO ALL POINTS EAST AND SOUTH.
It is the Dining Car Route.
It runs Through Vestibuled Trains
Every day in the year to St. Paul and Chicago (no change of cars) composed of
DINING CARS, unsurpassed.
PULLMAN DRAWING ROOM SLEEPERS, of latest equipment.
TOURIST SLEEPING CARS, best that can be constructed, and in which accommodations are free holders of FIRST or SECOND-class Tickets, and
—— ELEGANT DAY COACHES. ——
A Continuous Line connecting with all lines affording direct and uninterrupted service.
Pullman Sleeper reservation can be secured in advance through any agent of the road.
THROUGH TICKETS
To and from all points in America, England and Europe, can be purchased at any ticket office of this Company.
Full information concerning rates, time of trains, routes and other details furnished on application to any agent, or
A. D. CHARLTON, Asst. Gen. Pass. Agent,
121 1st St. cor Washington, Portland Or
G. G. CHANDLER, General Agent, Headquarters Building, Tacoma, Wash.
E. E. BLACKWOOD Freight and Passenger Agent, Victoria B. C

NEW SPRING GOODS ARRIVING DAILY.

B. WILLIAMS & CO., CLOTHIERS AND HATTERS
97 JOHNSON STREET.
Good Value. Low Prices.

THE CITY COUNCIL.

A Message from the Royal Family in Reply to Resolutions of Condolence.

The New City Engineer---Mr. Belyea's Resignation---State of the Library.

The regular weekly meeting of the Board of Aldermen was held last night. Present: Mayor Beaven in the chair, Ald. McKillican, Humber, Hall, Baker, Devlin, Munn, Lovell, Styles and Hunter.

Minutes of last regular meeting were adopted.

COMMUNICATIONS.

From C. J. Jones, secretary to the Governor-General, acknowledging the the message of condolence in the following terms.

GOVERNOR-GENERAL'S OFFICE,
OTTAWA, Feb. 19, 1892.

His Worship the Mayor of Victoria, B.C.

SIR,—The message of condolence on the occasion of the death of H.R.H. the Duke of Clarence and Avondale from the citizens of Victoria having been duly submitted to Her Majesty the Queen, and to their Royal Highnesses the Prince and Princess of Wales, I have now the honor to enclose copy of a dispatch which His Excellency the Governor-General has received from the Secretary of State for the Colonies, conveying the expression by Her Majesty on behalf of the Royal Family of their heartfelt gratitude for this token of loyalty and sympathy.

I have the honor to be, sir,
Your obedient servant,
C. J. JONES,
Secy. to Governor-General.

THE REPLY.

DOWNING STREET, 3rd February, 1892.

MY LORD:—I have the honor to acknowledge receipt of your dispatch, No. 9, of the 16th ult., forwarding, for submission to Her Majesty the Queen and their Royal Highnesses the Prince and Princess of Wales, copies of the telegraphic messages of condolence on the occasion of the lamented death of H.R.H. the Duke of Clarence and Avondale, received from the persons noted in the margin.

I have laid these messages before Her Majesty and their Royal Highnesses the Prince and Princess of Wales; and Her Majesty has commanded me to desire you to convey to the various persons by whom the messages were sent an expression of the gratification of the Royal Family at the widespread sympathy felt in Canada in the great calamity that has befallen them.

I have, &c.,
(Signed) KNUTSFORD.

To the Governor-General,
The Rt. Hon. Lord Stanley of Preston, G.C.B., &c., &c.

The persons mentioned in the margin were the Lieutenant-Governors of Ontario, Quebec, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, Prince Edward Island, Northwest Territory, Manitoba, British Columbia, Cardinal Taschereau, Halifax City Council, Citizens of Victoria, B. C., Mayor of Quebec, Col. Sir C. Gzowski, Citizens of St. John, N.B.

The communication was received and filed.

From M. L. Hull, secretary of the Women's Christian Temperance Union, drawing attention to the danger of allowing children of tender years to loiter on the streets, their fate being generally the reformatory and prison. The W.C.T.U. recommended that steps to taken to remedy this evil.

Ald. Lovell said the police should be instructed to keep those children off the streets after a certain hour. It would be the best thing possible for the children.

Ald. McKillican said it was the duty of the chief of police to see to this. Matters like this should be looked well into and action taken at once.

Ald. Baker thought there was a by-law, and it so it should be enforced.

Ald. Humber said the Council should be thankful to the ladies for calling attention to this matter. There were young boys to be seen on the streets at 11 and 12 p.m. selling papers (Sound papers) and growing up into hoodlums. If there was no by-law they should make one at once.

On motion of Ald. Hall referred to the police committee with power to examine law on the subject and report to Council.

FOR CITY ENGINEER.

His Worship said there were eight applicants for the position of city engineer and water commissioner; it would take six votes to elect. The applicants were: R. M. Christie, J. W. Graff, S. P Tuck, T. L. Parr, Adamson Parker, J. P. Leach, J. L. Lytler, W. M. McKinnon. The result gave S. P. Tuck 7, J. W. Graff 2, P. L. Parr 1.

THE CITY MARKET.

From D. E. Johnson, superintendent of the new city market, recommending the placing of numbers on the stalls, also that wire netting be placed on the gates to prevent the ingress of dogs, cats and rats, which would cost $19. Also reporting receipts for February, $27.80. Adopted.

From Thomas Hooper asking permission to extend the basement of the building for Mr. Leiser, on Johnson street, to the full width of the sidewalk.

Ald. Styles recommended that permission be granted for a distance of eight feet in the case of a ten-foot sidewalk, owing to the impossibility of properly draining the streets if basement are carried to the full extent of the sidewalk.

Ald. Humber was called to order by Ald. Hunter for attempting to take the floor before the motion to refer was seconded. The mayor granted permission. Ald. Humber said he knew of basements that were fitted up in a manner not in accordance with the by-law. To this kind of work he would strongly object and the alderman indignantly struck the lid of his desk and glared at Ald. Hunter. If this sort of thing were not stopped at an early date they would all soon be under ground. (laughter.)

Ald. Hunter said Ald. Humber was right. He knew of the case alluded to by him. These basement rooms were nicely plastered, but were not to be used for the purposes suspected by Ald. Humber. Still it was not right that they should be there.

A lengthy discussion took place on the question of the city's right to allow the streets to be put to such uses. All such extensions were infringements of the by-law. Ald. Hunter said persons who built rooms under the sidewalk should pay rent for the privilege The matter he thought should be referred to the city barristers to avoid mistakes. His Worship said the streets belonged to the public and the council had no right to deed away the streets to any person or persons.

Ald. Munn said the council had no power to grant such a right. He moved in amendment to Ald. Styles resolution to refer to the city surveyor with power to act; and that Mr. Hooper be informed that thecouncil has no power to give permission to extend a basement under the street.

Ald. Styles said this would work a hardship. Such permission had been granted from the earliest settlement of Victoria, and it would be unjust to refuse it in this case where so many had beeen allowed to do the same thing.

Ald. Hunter said the building had been proceeded with on the understanding that permission would be given to excavate under the sidewalk. He advised permission being granted. It would be almost tyrannical to refuse in this case.

Ald. Lovell said owners of those large buildings always put down good sidewalks and kept them in good repair.

Ald. Munn's amendment carried.

From F. Pauline, saying that improvements to First street near his residence had turned his garden into a sewer, owing to a small stream having been diverted from the channel in which it formerly innocently meandered.—Referred to the street committee.

From J. P. Walls, asking that Mr. John Matthews' salary of $225 be paid for the time during which he was suspended as assistant city surveyor, and also that if his services be no longer desired he receive a month's notice.

Ald. McKillican moved to refer to the city barristers. This was freely objected to.

Ald. Hall wanted it referred to the finance committee, and if referred to that committee they would do their best to straighten it out. Referred to the finance committee.

From C. C. Pemberton, saying that a number of dead animals had been deposited on the shores of Ross Bay to the detriment of that locality. He had written the Dominion Government about it and they replied saying the place was within Victoria harbor and under the jurisdiction of the municipal council. Referred to the sanitary committee to act and report to council.

WORK AND WAGES.

From Arthur T. Dutton, secretary of the Victoria Trades and Labor Council, asking the city council to enact that all persons applying for city contracts be asked to sign a form as follows: "I declare that I will pay the rate of wages generally accepted as current, to any men employed by me in my present work for the council, such men to be competent."

Various opinions were expressed. Some thought that much of the city work was done by persons who did not require to be skilled laborers. Also that the council had no right to dictate to any contractor what men he should hire or wages he should pay.

Ald. Munn thought the suggestion a good one.

His Worship said for instance very few Victorians were employed on the sewerage works now in progress in the city. In this way the work was of little benefit to the city.

Ald. Styles doubted if a dozen residents of the city were employed on that work and the trades people of the city received little benefit from it in the way of supplying stores.

Ald. Munn's resolution to receive and acknowledge carried.

THE PUBLIC LIBRARY.

From Dr. James McGregor, librarian of the public library, asking that more books be obtained for the library. Many sets of books were worn out and a large number were so old as to be of little service.

Ald. McKillican advocated vigorous action in regard to the library; it was a shame that an institution so well patronized as the public library should be allowed to fall into such a state of neglect. He moved that the matter be referred to the library committee to deal with and report. About $3000 was necessary to make the library efficient.

Ald. Styles and Humber were against the spending of more money even for such an excellent purpose.

Ald. Lovell said the library was falling into such a condition that it would be almost as well to close it up. It was becoming a disgrace.

The resolution carried.

His Worship named Ald. McKillican, Munn and Humber a standing library committee.

From F. Richards, jr., asking a new sidewalk on Speed avenue and for a fire hydrant in that locality. Referred to the fire wardens and street committee to report.

REPORTS.

From the city clerk, reporting various applications for street repairs. Referred to the street committee. Received and filed.

From Bodwell & Irving, re flooding of B. Gordon's cellar, asking that damages amounting to $150 be paid within one week from receipt of communication or legal proceedings will be taken.

Ald. Hall said said this damage was done by a private drain and the Council could not deal with it. Received and filed.

A REGRETTED RESIGNATION.

From A. L. Belyea, police magistrate, tendering his resignation to take effect April 1st next.

Ald. Munn moved that as it was understood that Mr. Belyea could not be induced to reconsider his decision to resign, that the resignation be accepted and the clerk instructed to convey to Mr. Belyea the regret of the council that he saw fit to resign, as he had given the most entire satisfaction.

Seconded by Ald. Lovell and carried.

Ald. Munn said Mr. Belyea's decisions had stood the test of the higher courts, something that had not always been the case with police magistrates here.

From T. O. Trueson, objecting to a water tax of $9 alleged to be due against him, claiming that damage sustained by his property through corporation neglect, should counterbalance this assessment. Referred to the water committee to report.

From S. J. Jackman, asking that the water be turned off his lot, Fernwood Road. Street committee to act.

[illegible] the property owners and residents of Fort street, asking that the tram car accommodation and fares be remedied between Government street and the Jockey Club grounds. The petitioners say the charge is exorbitant and the accommodation almost imperceptible. The service is the most inefficient of the whole system. Passengers are not carried the distance they ought to be and are overcharged. Finance committee to report.

From the residents of Cordova Bay road complaining of an offensive overflow near Jubilee Hospital, and asking its abatement. Sanitary committee to report.

From residents of the eastern portion of the city, asking that the water main be laid from Oak Bay avenue for the supply of that portion of the city. Water committee to report.

REPORTS.

The finance committee reported recommending the payment of accounts amounting to $4.163. Adopted.

The finance committee reported authorizing the payment of accounts amounting to $1036. Also $341 for various accounts. Adopted.

FREEING THE CAPTIVES.

The park committee recommended that the use of triangular piece of ground applied for at Beacon Hill Park for recreative purposes be granted on the understanding that it be always public, and also that the wolves and eagles in the zoo at the park be set at liberty. Adopted.

Ald. Styles said the wolves had to have meat every day, and were in other ways a nuisance. The misery of the caged eagles was only too apparent to need remark.

His Worship said he often wondered what the poor brutes had done to deserve such punishment. Adopted.

The police committee reported the appointment of Mr. Palmer in place of Constable Hendry, resigned. Adopted.

CITY PRINTING.

The printing and pound committee reported, recommending the distribution of the city advertising among the three newspapers, and the printing equally among the job offices in the city.

Ald. Lovell complained of the formidable advertising bills and thought it would be a good service to cut them down in some way.

Ald. Styles said the intention was to reduce the advertising bills.

Ald. Humber said it would pay the corporation to run a printing press of its own (laughter). The printing could be done much more cheaply by contract. There were three papers now and they should cheapen it. Adopted.

The street committee recommended several repairs and alterations to streets in various parts of the city. Adopted.

The water committee reported recommending the granting of an application for water. Adopted.

From the sanitary officer reporting three objectionable street drains and recommending box drains put in. Street committee and city engineer to report.

Council adjourned at 11:15 until next Wednesday night.

Headaches, dimness of vision, partial deafness, hawking and spitting in variably result from catarrh, which may be cured by the use of Nasal Balm. It has cured others, why not you?

Cambridge sausages, beef sausages, pork pies, boiled corn beef and ham, at Whitelaw & Co.'s, 125 Fort street.

Your Chance.

Acre tracts at Kaslo City from $150 up. Terms given. O'Neill & Cowie, 204 Yates street, Victoria.

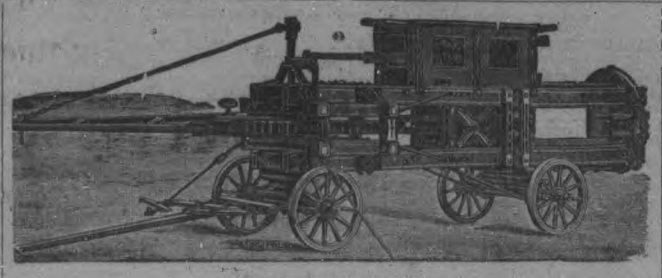
Her Face Her Fortune.

Is commonly said of famous beauties. She who uses with artistic taste Wisdom's Famous Robertine has fortune in the possessing of a complexion to which nothing but the blush of the rose or the freshness of the lily can be compared. This preparation is just what it is claimed to be—the most delightful toilet article and only perfect beautifier known. Read the testimonials from famous artists, celebrated chemists and eminent physicians. D. E. Campbell, agent.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

AUCTION SALES.

GREAT UNRESERVED
AUCTION SALE
Of a large
Bankrupt Stock
I have received positive instructions to sell to the highest bidder, regardless of cost, all kinds of Men's Clothing and Gents' Furnishings, at
92½ Douglas St., Doane Block,
Commencing on
SATURDAY, 5th OF MARCH,
At 2:00 and 7:30 p.m, sharp. Come and examine the goods prior to sale. Look out for the red flag.
JAMES MORTIMER,
mh2-1m Auctioneer.



THE ABOVE CUT SHOWS
ROBINSON'S PATENT REVERSIBLE SWEEP LEVER PERPETUAL PRESS
With Patent Double Condensing Hopper.
NICHOLLES & RENOUF, 61 Yates St., Victoria,
Send for Circulars and Price Lists. SOLE AGENTS for British Columbia

—THE—
VICTORIA LITHOGRAPH CO.
(LIMITED)
Corner Yates and Government Streets
(UPSTAIRS)
is now prepared to turn out all classes of work, such as
MAPS, CHECKS, DRAFTS, BILL HEADS,
LETTER HEADS, NOTE HEADS, LABELS,
WEDDING AND VISITING CARDS, ETC., ETC.
Visiting Cards printed from copper plates and stone. Portraits enlarged from small photographs in the best style of the lithographer's art. Orders left at the TIMES office or with the manager will be promptly attended to.
W. R. CREECH, Manager.

KASLO CITY
The Centre of the Great Kootenay Mining District in B.C.
This young and thriving City is situated on Kootenay Lake at the mouth of Kaslo River, within close proximity to the famous Kaslo and Slocan mines.
The discoveries during the present year of numerous mines of remarkably rich ore and great width on Kaslo river and east of Slocan Lake are well known to the public. They have attracted the attention of capitalists and miners all over the continent, and there is no question that these mines, which are tributary to KASLO CITY, will receive more attention than those of any other section of Kootenay.
A spacious hotel has been built for the accommodation of travelers. Stores and other buildings have also been erected. The townsite is being cleared and streets graded so as to forward the large amount of building that will be in progress as soon as material is secured for construction. A trail has been built to the mines, which will be replaced by a wagon road as soon as the work can be prosecuted. The grade to the mines is an easy one. An application for a charter to build a railway line into the mines from Kaslo will be made at the coming session of the Legislature. Everything is being done that circumstances will permit to give easy access to the mines and furnish supplies for the miners. KASLO CITY will have a large population this summer. It will become the supply depot for the richest mining section yet discovered in British Columbia. Unlike many mountain towns, it is most favorably situated on a gentle slope from the waters of a sheltered bay on Kootenay Lake, and is supplied for domestic and manufacturing purposes, by a large stream of pure cold water.
If you wish to participate in the profits that enchanced values will bring don't fail to invest in Kaslo City. Lots are on sale at the offices of all the Leading Real Estate Brokers in the Province.
IRVING & HAYWOOD, - - GENERAL AGENTS
WILLIAMS' BUILDING, BROAD STREET, VICTORIA.
Call or send for further particulars.

CAFÉ ROYAL
Having re-opened we are prepared to furnish
Weddings, Receptions, Balls and Afternoon Teas.
MADE FRESH DAILY:—Chocolate Eclairs, Cream Puffs, Macaroons, Pies and all kinds of Cakes, also fine French Candies.
OYSTERS A SPECIALTY.

JAPANESE GOODS
You should see the cute curios and pretty ornaments in the
NEW JAPANESE BAZAAR.
We show a fine large stock, and our prices are very low.
J. M. NAGANO & CO.
80 DOUGLAS ST.

TO THE PUBLIC:
I have started a
Horse-Shoeing Business
In Grimm's old building on Johnson street, between Broad and Douglas. Thanking all of my old patrons for past favors, I solicit a share of the public trade.
fe1-1m WM. HODGE.

E. E. WELCH
ACCOUNTANT.
Rent and Debt Collecting a Specialty.
Books posted, kept, and written up.
Offices: 10 and 11, Bank of B.C. Building, Victoria.
VANCOUVER OFFICE:
T. H. WELCH, P.O. Box 354. ja29-1m

BRITISH COLUMBIA
LAND AND INVESTMENT
AGENCY
(Limited.
THOMAS ALLSOP,
HENRY S. MASON,
CUYLER A. HOLLAND } DIRECTORS.
HEAD OFFICE
15 Sergeant's Inn, Fleet Street. London, Eng
The business of ALLSOP & MASON has been merged in the above company and will be carried on by the Company as a general Land and Investment and Insurance Agency.
Money to Loan on Mortgage
AT LOW RATES.
TOWN LOTS AND FARMING LANDS
For Sale on Easy Terms.

TO LEASE.
UPON A FIVE OR TEN YEARS' TERM, the well-known brewery, goodwill and plant, and also the residence adjoining the brewery, now owned by Mrs. A. J. Bunster, and situated on Johnson street, Victoria, for the reasonable rental of $110 per month, the lessee to pay the annual taxes thereon. Possession to be given on the 1st of August, 1892. Early applications are solicited, as the owner intends leaving this coast for a home in New York city at an early date. All applications to be directed to Mrs. A. J. Bunster, 414 Golden Gate avenue, San Francisco, and will receive prompt attention. fe22-tf

A. MAXWELL MUIR
ARCHITECT,
Rooms 3 and 18, - - - Turner Block.
ap22

MEDICAL.

THE CELEBRATED FRENCH CURE
Warranted to cure "APHRODITINE" or money refunded.
Is SOLD ON A POSITIVE GUARANTEE to cure any form of nervous disease, or disorder of the generative organs, whether arising from the excessive use of Stimulants, Tobacco or Opium, or through Indiscretion, etc., such as Loss of Brain Power, Wakefulness, Bearing down Pains in the Back, Hysteria, Nervous Prostration, Leucorrhœa, Dizziness, Weak Memory, Loss of Power, which if neglected often lead to premature old age and insanity. Price $1.00 a box, 6 boxes for $5.00.
BEFORE AFTER
A WRITTEN GUARANTEE for every $5.00 order, to refund the money if a Permanent cure is not effected. Thousands of testimonials from old and young, of both sexes, permanently cured by APHRODITINE. Circular free. Address
THE APHRO MEDICINE CO
WESTERN BRANCH,
Box 27. PORTLAND, OR.
SOLD BY COCHRANE & MUNN, Druggists, Corner of Yates and Douglas streets, an29 Sole Wholesale Agents, Victoria.

I AM A MAN

"I have been treated by doctors, who had long lists of so-called cured patients, but they could not reach my case, and hope had been murdered in me by fair promises, but on first application of your magical appliance, hope and confidence came flocking in stronger than the combined powers of the four winds. I knew then that you would cure me, and now that I am a man and well again, I cannot thank you sufficiently for the cure. So again I say, use my name as reference whenever you wish. You nor any one else cannot use words too strong to express my sentiments in favor of so wonderful a treatment as that given by you."
(Original on file; name of writer furnished in confidence.)

WEAK MEN
Easily, Quickly, Permanently Restored.
Weakness, Nervousness, Debility, and all the train of evils from early errors or later excesses, the results of overwork, sickness, worry, &c. Full strength, development and tone given to every organ and portion of the body. Simple, natural methods. Immediate improvement seen. Failure impossible. 1,000 references. Book, explanations and proofs mailed (sealed) free. Address
ERIE MEDICAL CO.,
a BUFFALO, N.Y

GOLD MEDAL, PARIS, 1878.

W. BAKER & CO.'S
Breakfast
Cocoa
from which the excess of oil has been removed, is
Absolutely Pure and it is Soluble.
No Chemicals
are used in its preparation. It has *more than three times the strength* of Cocoa mixed with Starch, Arrowroot or Sugar, and is therefore far more economical, *costing less than one cent a cup.* It is delicious, nourishing, strengthening, EASILY DIGESTED, and admirably adapted for invalids as well as for persons in health.
Sold by Grocers everywhere.
W. BAKER & CO., Dorchester, Mass.

VICTORIA BUILDING SOCIETY.
The Twenty-Third Drawing for an appropriation in connection with the above society will be held at Sir William Wallace Society Rooms, Broad street (opposite View), on Friday, the 4th of March, 1892, at 8 p.m.
See that your shares are in good standing.
By order, A. ST. G. FLINT, Secretary.
A few shares on hand, which can be taken up by applying to the Secretary, at his office, 40 Fort street. mh1-td

BANKERS' NOTICE.
UNITED STATES SILVER COIN
FROM AND AFTER 1ST MARCH PROX., the following banks will only receive United States silver coin at a discount of Five per cent.
BANK OF BRITISH COLUMBIA,
WM. C. WARD, Manager.
BANK OF BRITISH NORTH AMERICA,
G. H. BURNS, Manager.
BANK OF MONTREAL,
A. J. GALLETLY, Manager.
GREEN, WORLOCK & CO.,
FRED. T. WORLOCK, Manager.
Victoria, B.C., 25th Feb. 1892. fe25-1m

SEEDS THAT WILL GROW
My Price List of Seeds, Plants and Requisites, for 1892, is now ready. If you have not received one, send post card with your address and you will receive one by next mail. My seeds are all tested before being sent out.
PLANTS, SHRUBS, TREES
AND
Everything Required in the Garden or Greenhouse
G. A. McTAVISH,
Seedsman, Florist and Nurseryman. 9 Fort Road, Victoria.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

Advertisements under this head, three lines or under, two insertions, FREE. This applies only to men or women, boys or girls, looking for situations.

YOUNG MAN (26), first mate's certificate (English), desires berth on coast steamer. Strictly sober and good references. Address R.F., TIMES office. mh2-4t

SITUATIONS VACANT.

Advertisements under this head will be inserted at the rate of one cent a word each insertion. Payment always in advance. No advertisement received for less than twenty-five cents.

WANTED—A good general servant. Apply at once. Mrs. Piercy, Menzies street, James Bay. m3-1w

WANTED—A girl to do housework. Apply at 85 Fort street. mh3 3t

WANTED—A competent girl for general housework. Apply to Mrs. J. H. White, 68 David street. mh3-3t

WANTED—A skirt and bodice maker. Apply Elite Dressmaking Parlors, 119 Fort street. mh2-tf

WANTED—A nurse girl. Apply at No. 12 Scoresby street. fe23 tf

MISCELLANEOUS WANTS.

Advertisements under this head will be inserted at the rate of one cent a word each insertion. Payment always in advance. No advertisement received for less than twenty-five cents.

WANTED—An unfurnished room in good locality, five minutes' walk from post-office. Address H., TIMES office. mh3

WANTED IMMEDIATELY—To purchase or hire a gas steam engine. Address with particulars and price, "M," TIMES office. m3-3t

HOUSE WANTED—Containing 7 or 8 rooms conveniently situated. Address "Merchant," TIMES office. feb22

WANTED—Houses renting less than $20 per month for good tenants. Apply Crane, McGregor & Boggs. ja23-tf.

TO LET.

Advertisements under this head will be inserted at the rate of one cent a word each insertion. Payment always in advance. No advertisement received for less than twenty-five cents.

TO LET—A 2-story house, furnished, within three minutes' walk of Beacon Hill; for six months, from 15th April to 15th October. For further particulars apply to Hall, Goepel & Co., 100 Government street. fe19-tf

TO LET—On Chatham street, new house, 7 rooms.

On Bellot street, house, 7 rooms.

On Belcher avenue, house, 9 rooms.

On Vancouver street, house, 5 rooms.

On Vancouver street, house, 7 rooms.

On Labouchere street, house, 7 rooms.

On Amphion street, house, 4 rooms.

On Broad street, offices and stores.

fe17 Apply to CRANE, McGREGOR & BOGGS.

TO LET—Pianos to rent. Apply at 76 Princess avenue. fe16-1m

FURNISHED ROOM TO LET—Centrally located. Private house, all conveniences. Terms low. References required. Address X, box 652, post office, City. 125-tf

FOR SALE.

Advertisements under this head will be inserted at the rate of a cent a word each insertion. Payment always in advance. No advertisement received for less than twenty-five cents.

$225 Buys the furniture of a six-roomed house. Rent $18. Income from two rooms $23. Apply at once. 34 View street. mh1-3t

GENERAL BUSINESS—Situated in the town of Revelstoke, for sale. No better business centre in the Province. Terms easy. For same apply to C. B. Hume, Revelstoke, or to J. F. Hume & Co., Nelson, B.C. fe18 tf

FOR SALE—Eggs for setting, from thoroughbred Plymouth Rock chickens, $2.00 per setting. Address T. Whitwell, 25 Parkington street, city. fe17-1m

WE offer the following bargains:—

Chicken ranch of 9 acres, with good stream, 4 miles from postoffice; price $1650; terms, ½ cash.

House, 7 rooms, barn and 3 lots, Victoria West; price $3500; terms ½ cash.

Large lot on Pine street; price $400.

Large lots on Cowan avenue, $275 each.

Lot 60x135 on Belcher street, $650.

Lot, Fourth street, Work estate, $800.

fe17 Apply to CRANE, McGREGOR & BOGGS.

FOR SALE OR RENT—A farm of 160 acres, one mile from a station on the E. & N. Ry. on the government road and close to school, etc. For further particulars address William Millett, Macpherson's Station, E. & N. Ry. fe13-1m

ANY ONE WANTING TO BUY a good paying business, call on us. We have several very good chances. G. A. Cooper & Co., 16 Trounce avenue. fe4-1m

A RARE CHANCE—On account of failing health the undersigned offers for sale, or to lease, 50 acres of choice land situate at Cadboro bay, 3½ miles from Victoria on the main road. The land is all fenced, and mostly under cultivation, very suitable for dairy purposes. For terms apply on the premises to Ira Wilson. j30-1m-d&w

PARTIES WANTING TO SELL their business, or wanting a partner, we have customers. G. A. Cooper & Co., 16 Trounce avenue. fe4-1m

FOR SALE—Fine building lot close to Dunsmuir Castle, 50'x120' 9". Price $900. Apply to Dalby & Claxton, 64 Yates street. fe3

FOR SALE—Cheap corner lot on Burnside road, 56' 6"x124' 6". Price $425. Dalby & Claxton, 64 Yates street. fe3

FOR SALE—Good residential lot on Menzies street, opposite the Government grounds. Price $1650. Dalby & Claxton, 64 Yates St. fe3

FOR SALE—Five acres on Belcher street, magnificent site. Price $9000. Dalby & Claxton, 64 Yates street. fe3

FOR SALE—Lots in Fir Grove Estate, from $125 upwards. Beautiful suburban location. Dalby & Claxton, 64 Yates street. fe3

FOR SALE—Half-acre on Gorge road, $1350. Terms easy. Cleared land. Dalby & Claxton, 64 Yates street. fe3

FOR SALE—First-class business for two energetic young men. Small capital required. For particulars apply to Charles Green & Co., auctioneers and brokers, 46 Yates street. ja22

DETECTIVE.

McNAUGHTON'S DETECTIVE SERVICE

ROOM 16, FIVE SISTERS' BLOCK.

General Detective business transacted for corporations and individuals.

References furnished.

C. D. McNAUGHTON, Manager.

mh1

SCAVENGERS

PETER HANSEN
CITY SCAVENGER.

Yards and cesspools cleaned by contract or monthly. Prompt attention given to all orders and prices reasonable.

Orders left at Dixi Ross & Co.'s and Robert Porter's, Island Market, Johnson and Douglas streets.

Residence, Discovery street, between Government and Douglas ju18

JOHN DOHERTY
GENERAL SCAVENGER.

Yards and cesspools cleaned, contracts made for removing earth, etc. All orders left with Jas. Fell & Co., Fort street, grocers; Cochrane & Munn, corner Yates and Douglas streets, or George Doughty, corner Fort and Blanchard streets, will be promptly attended to. Coal and wood for sale. s23-1y

ART.

K. BRADEN,

Exhibitor in Royal Academy, Institute, etc., of London, gives lessons in painting, oil and water color landscape, portrait and still life. Studio at Room 48, Five Sisters' Block, Government street. fe19-1m

PIANO TUNING.

PIANOFORTE TUNING AND REPAIRING

By a competent person from the leading manufacturers in the United States.

City References:—All the music stores, where orders may be left.

mh4-3m JAMES SHERIDAN.

GEO. W. FUGGLE,
PIANOFORTE MAKER AND TUNER.

Three years with Goodwin & Co. Orders left at factory, 76 Princess avenue; also at Jamieson's book store, next postoffice. fe10-1m

PIANOS TUNED AND REGULATED, $2.

English concertinas, flutinas and accordeons tuned and repaired. W. C. Windebank (from Broad Wood's, London, England), No. 45 Blanchard street. Satisfaction guaranteed. Letters punctually attended to. oc20

VETERINARY.

S. F. TOLMIE,
VETERINARY SURGEON,

Graduate Ont. Vet. Col., Member Ont. Vet. Med. Soc. (Late with Dr. John Wende, V. S., Buffalo, N. Y.) Office at Ewing's Livery, 109 Johnson Street. Telephone 182; residence telephone 417. VICTORIA, B. C.

PHYSICIANS.

DR. E. C. FOOTE,

B.A. and M.D., University of Dublin. Licentiate of Royal College of Surgeons, Ireland. Late physician, Leamington Hospital, Warwick, England. Late physician and surgeon, Dunstan Hospital, Otago, New Zealand. Residence and office—152 Douglas St., near St. John's church. Telephone 528. fe1-1m

DR. ERNEST HALL,

L.R.C.P., and C.M., Edinburgh.

SPECIALTY:—Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat. Jewell Block, corner Yates and Douglas Sts

DRS. HALL & LEITCH,

OFFICES:—DRIARD BLOCK, 60 DOUGLAS ST.

Dr. F. W. HALL, M.D.C.M.

Dr. H. D. LEITCH, M.D.C.M., M.C.P.S.O., F.T.M.S.

Specialty—Diseases of Women and Diseases of Rectum. Lately attending Woman's Hospital and Post Graduate School and Hospital New York. au5

HOMŒOPATHY

DR. JOHN HALL

98 Yates street, over Cochrane and Munn's Drug Store.

CHRONIC AND CHILDREN'S DISEASES A SPECIALTY.

Office hours, from 1 to 4 p.m only excepting Sunday and holidays.

ARCHITECTS.

L. BUTTRESS TRIMEN,

ARCHITECT.

ja27-tf Turner Block.

THOMAS HOOPER,
ARCHITECT.

Office over SPENCER'S ARCADE, Government street. jy5-tf

JNO. TEAGUE,
ARCHITECT,

Has removed to new offices corner of Broad street and Trounce avenue. fe20tf

FINANCIAL.

VICTORIA LOAN OFFICE,

Corner Government and Pandora streets Money advanced on all kinds of approved security. Business strictly confidential. my4

EDWARD McCOSKRIE & CO.
ARCHITECTS,

Room 51, third floor, Five Sisters' Block. Take elevator.

E. McCOSKRIE, Sen., T. J. GODDARD, Building Superintendent. Draughtsman. fe15-eod

INSURANCE.

THE NORWICH UNION
FIRE INSURANCE SOCIETY.

Established 1797. Amount insured $30,000,000.

H. D. HELMCKEN, Agent Bastion street, Victoria, B. C. jan3-1y

SOCIETIES.

SONS OF ENGLAND BENEVOLENT SOC'Y

Pride of the Island No. 131, Red Rose Degree, meets first and third Wednesdays, at a quarter to eight p.m., in the St. George's Hall, corner of Government and Bastion streets.

Visiting brethren cordially invited."

ARTHUR LEE,
P.O. Box 782. ja2-3m Secretary.

B. C. PIONEER SOCIETY.

The Hall of the above society in Musgrave Block, Broad street, is open daily from 10 a.m. to 4 p.m., for the convenience of Pioneers and their friends, who are cordially invited to visit the rooms.

ANCIENT ORDER FORESTERS

Court Vancouver No. 5755, A.O.F., meets 1st and 3rd Mondays in each month in Foresters' Hall, Government street. Visiting brothers are invited.

fe13 SIDNEY WILSON, Sec.

VICTORIA-COLUMBIA LODGE,

No. 1, A.F. & A.M., B.C.R. Regular communications the first Thursday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner of Douglas and Fisgard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited.

ja16 C. DUBOIS MASON, Secretary.

VANCOUVER & QUADRA LODGE,

No. 2, A. F. & A. M., B.C.R. Regular communication the third Wednesday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner Douglas and Fisgard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited. jy25 R. A. BROWN, Secretary.

COLUMBIA ROYAL ARCH

Chapter, No. 120, G.R.S. Regular convocations held on the first Tuesday of every month, at Chapter Hall, Masonic Temple, Douglas street. Sojourning companions cordially invited. E. LANGLEY, i-1y Scribe K.

FAR WEST LODGE, No. 1, K. of P

Regular convention every Friday evening at Foresters' Hall, Government street. Sojourning Knights are cordially invited to attend. E. PFERDNER, oct9 K. of R. & S.

ST. ANDREW'S & CALEDONIAN

Society meets in their hall, corner Langley and Yates streets, on the first Friday in every month. All Scotchmen are invited to join J. M. MURDOCH, secretary.

MISCELLANEOUS.

QUEEN'S MARKET.

L. GOODACRE.

Government street, Victoria, B. C., wholesale and retail Butcher, Contractor by appointment to Her Majesty's Royal Navy.

A. & W. WILSON,

PLUMBERS AND GASFITTERS.

Bell Hangers and Tinsmiths. Dealers in best descriptions of Heating and Cooking Stoves. Ranges, etc. Shipping supplied at lowest rates. Broad street, Victoria, B. C. Telephone call 126

JOHN J. AUSTIN,

NOTARY PUBLIC,

Real Estate and General Agent. Loans negotiated. Town and Country Property for sale. Office Government street Victoria. P.O. Box 50.

C. P. N. CO., LD

STEAMER "DANUBE"

Captain Meyer,

Will leave from Rithet's Inner Wharf

FOR NAAS RIVER, FORT SIMPSON,

And Way Ports.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 3, AT 5 P.M.

And from Outer Wharf at 8 p.m.

For freight and passage apply at office of the Company, Wharf street.

The company reserves the right of changing this time table at any time, without notification.

JNO. IRVING,
fe25-td Manager.

THE DAILY TIMES

Published every afternoon except Sunday, by the

Victoria Times Printing and Publishing Company, Limited,

At No. 37 Yates street, near Government, Victoria, B. C.

SUBSCRIPTION:

Delivered by carrier in any part of the city, per week..... 25 cts.

By mail to any part of the world, per year $10.00

The Daily Times.

THE GOVERNMENT'S GAINS.

Many and varied are the theories advanced to account for the remarkable success of the Abbott Government in the Ontario bye-elections. If any man still finds himself unable to understand why the Government has won so many Liberal seats, when by all the laws of probability it should have lost a number of its own, he has only to pick up one eastern paper after another until he finds among the innumerable speculations one that fits his own fancy. Or perhaps he will come to the sensible conclusion that no single theory is sufficient, and that he must combine a number of them to afford an explanation for the phenomenon. The situation is certainly a very puzzling one—more so, in fact, than any that has ever before been created by the queer convolutions of Canadian politics. Against the Government were ranged several untoward circumstances. Since the general election death had removed the powerful leader of the party, whose removal was expected by friend and foe alike to cause disintegration in the party ranks; and it is certain that neither the country nor the party had any good reason to put faith in the men whom Sir John Macdonald's death left in control. In the next place, the recent census revealed the awful and complete failure of the Conservative policy to build up the country and give it a fair chance of life. The heavy vote given to the Liberal party at the general election last year was a sure indication that the people fully appreciated this failure without the aid of the census revelations, for the majority of the electors of Ontario would not have then gone over to the Liberal side if the policy of the Government had not caused a great measure of discontent. Finally, the parliamentary investigations of last session proved to the people clearly what many had long expected—that the thirteen years of Conservative rule had been one long saturnalia of fraud and corruption. In any other country where constitutional government prevails such revelations as those at Ottawa would have utterly damned the strongest of governments, let alone one that had so many elements of weakness as has that of Mr. Abbott. In view of all these counts against the Government, the astonishment with which both parties receive the verdict of the Ontario constituencies in its favor is quite natural.

A favorite explanation with many, and particularly with the Toronto Mail, is that the revelations of the crookedness and corruption of the Mercier gang in Quebec has caused many Ontario people to withdraw their support from the Liberals. That does not seem to be a rational theory. An Ontario man must be a fool if he votes for the Ottawa boodlers because Mercier and his men boodled in Quebec. The latter stole Quebec money, but they took nothing from Ontario, while the Langevin - Chapleau - Haggart - McGreevy gang robbed the whole country, including Ontario. Besides, the thefts in Quebec were on a small scale compared with those at Ottawa, and if the size of the sum stolen is to make a difference in the guilt of the thief, then the worst thieves are to be found at Ottawa. It can hardly be believed that the Ontario people are blind to the character of the Ottawa Cabinet while keenly perceptive as regards Mercier.

The Empire and other Conservative ranters of course shout loyalty as the cause of the turnover in the Ontario constituencies. With regard to this it at once occurs to the observer to ask what new light the Ontario voter could have since last March that would cause him to recoil from the Liberal policy as one of disloyalty. If he regards it as a treasonable policy now, why should he have supported it then? The only answer to this question is that Mr. Blake threw new light on it by his West Durham letter. Supposing that Mr. Blake's interpretation of the Liberal policy has caused people to withdraw their support from it, we may well ask what they think of his description of the Conservative policy in the same letter. He used these words in speaking of the policy that had ruled the country for thirteen years:—"It has failed to accomplish the predictions of its promoters. Its real tendency has been towards disintegration and annexation instead of consolidation and the maintenance of that British connection of which they claim to be special guardians." In Mr. Blake's view, therefore, the electors in the Ontario constituencies have been deliberately pronouncing in favor of a policy which makes towards annexation.

It does not seem reasonable to suppose that either of these two theories, which are the most prominently put forth, will account for the numerous reverses of the Liberals in Ontario, and the others are not of much importance. It is quite probable that the main cause is the tendency of Canadian constituencies in general to swing with the party in power. This has no doubt been aided by the unstinted use of Red Parlor funds and by the manipulation of the electoral machinery, which is all in Conservative hands. Whatever may be the explanation, the event is a bad omen for the country. He must be a very sanguine man who expects that Conservative rule will pull Canada out of the very deep hole into which it has conducted her.

THE LIEUT.-GOVERNORSHIP.

An editorial writer in the morning paper established by the Attorney-General, who is a loyal supporter of the Hon. John Robson, boomed the British Columbia Premier for the Lieutenant-Governorship, which becomes vacant during the present month. It was a very proper article for the columns of a journal devoted to the Premier, and although opponents of Mr. Robson could not agree with everything that was said, they were not disposed to find fault with the views expressed. But Col. Prior, M.P., took umbrage at "the extraordinary and misleading statements" in the editorial on the British Columbia representatives in the House of Commons, who were charged with having bull dozed Mr. Abbott in behalf of Mr. Mara, an applicant for the position, and the gallant Colonel, forgetful of past indiscretions, wrote a letter to the offending editor, in which he left no doubt as to his views on the Lieutenant-Governorship. He is a pronounced Mara man and opposed to Robson. The curious part of the controversy, however, is, that the newspaper "cheerfully" retracted everything contained in the offending editorial and innocently betrayed a secret of the sanctum by declaring that the "offence did not emanate" from its "regular editorial staff."

But all this is only interesting to outsiders as showing that there is much diversion of opinion among the wire-pullers on the question of a successor to Lieut.-Governor Nelson. The practice followed by Sir John Macdonald, which is about the only precedent that we have to go by, was to make the office a reward for public services in behalf of the Dominion, and with only a few exceptions, the distinguished position has been filled in the several provinces by ex-Dominion cabinet ministers. It does not follow, however, that this rule cannot be changed to the advantage of the province, and with Col. Prior, we believe that British Columbia can grow its own Lieut.-Governors. But in making the selection what other principle should Mr. Abbott follow? Are the long "services" of Mr. Robson to the province, and his mature years, to count for nothing as against the young and dexterous manipulator of M.P.'s, who has still to win his political spurs and make for himself a name above that of an average politician? If the prize is to be won by the successful lobbyist, there is hope for Col. Prior, Mr. Frank Barnard and other adolescent politicians, and veterans like the Premier and Hon. Robert Beaven will have to solace themselves, in their old age, as best they can.

It really makes very little difference to the people of British Columbia whether Mr. Dewdney, Mr. Mara, Mr. Robson or Senator McDonald is appointed Lieutenant-Governor. Of the four Mr. Robson would be quite as acceptable as either of the others. As Lieut.-Governor he would do less harm to the province than as Premier, and this is a consideration that ought to weigh with Mr. Abbott in making the selection.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

It seems that the London Tories were not content with trying to steal the seat from the Liberals with the aid of the Franchise Act; the worst species of intimidation was employed. The Advertiser publishes affidavits and statements from several discharged employees of the London Furniture Company, of which F. A. Fitzgerald is president, declaring that they were discharged because they voted for Mr. Hyman. These men have been in the service of the company for many years, and are now turned adrift for daring to use their right of voting as they saw fit. Mr. Fitzgerald is the president of the Conservative Association of London.

The Vancouver World in speaking of the Esquimalt Water Works Company's proposal offers this advice:—"In the light of recent events in this city and elsewhere, it is the bounden duty of the people of Victoria to see to it that their rights and privileges in this respect are not infringed upon. The present is the time for this to be accomplished, and the Legislature will only be doing its duty if it refuses the request of a company which is a rival to that of Victoria in supplying water to residents within the limits of the corporation." Vancouver people can quite well appreciate the difference there is between retaining a privilege already in possession and buying one from a private company.

St. John, N. B., has certainly no much cause to bless the restriction policy, though it votes that way. The Telegraph says:—"The granite works in Carleton are closed down for want of the market in the United States, which reciprocity would give us. Mr. Burpee stated the case fully and frankly through the Telegraph on the eve of the last general election. With reciprocity he could and would employ 1000 men. Without it he must shut down his works here and move the plant and machinery across the border. St. John can ill afford to lose her industries, but the trade restriction policy is fatal to them.

THE SILVER QUESTION.

TO THE EDITOR:—Allow me to state in your valuable paper my experience in the line of buying and paying with Canadian money. I went to your post-office (Victoria, B.C.) to-day, to buy 25 cents' worth of postage stamps, handed the lady clerk in charge of the department at the time (March 1st, 11:30 a.m.) a $5 Canadian bank note; she told me that she could not make change. To accommodate the Victoria, B.C., post-office I went out to buy some stationery, 25 cents' worth, at Jamieson's. As change I received a $4 Canadian bank note and 75 cents' in United States silver. I tried again with my $4 Canadian bank note to get the postage stamps I wanted, but still the clerk said she could not make the change yet. I went to the money order department to get change. The clerk in charge said he did not have it. I asked him what I should do; he advised me to go to a bank and get the change. So I did.

Now, will anyone of the good citizens of Victoria, B.C., give me advice as to what to do under such circumstances? United States change (silver) they refuse, Canadian bank notes they cannot change, and I have been wearing out my shoe soles for the benefit of the Victoria postoffice. I wish they would hire me as a messenger at a reasonable salary. ARGENTUM.

March 1, 1892.

NO GRIEVANCE.

TO THE EDITOR:—We see by an extract from the Board of Trade meeting that brewers have addressed the board on the subject of a grievance, under which they claim they "labor" and that "rice is largely used in making beer." We should like to know who the brewers were? We disclaim having a grievance, as we do not use rice; we brew from malt and hops only.

FAIRALL & BARRY.

PERSONAL.

Movements of Well Known People in Various Directions.

J. McNab and D. J. Munn of Westminster are in town.

C. J. Major came over from Westminster last evening.

J. G. Knuckey, traveling agent of the C. P. R. was in the city last evening.

Mrs. Jas. Keary of New Westminster mother of Ald. Keary is in the cith This is her first visit to Victoria in ten years.

S. Wilmot and W. J. Armstrong, the fishery commissioners, and Mrs. Armstrong and Miss Calhoun, the official stenographer for the commission, came down from Westminster last evening.

Modern Miracles.

A singer for breath was distressed,
And the doctors all said she must rest,
But she took G. M. D.
For her weak lungs, you see,
And now she can sing with the best.

An athlete gave out, on a run,
And he feared his career was quite done;
G. M. D., pray observe,
Gave back his lost nerve,
And now he can lift half a ton.

A writer, who wrote for a prize,
Had headaches and pain in the eyes;
G. M. D. was the spell
That made him quite well,
And glory before him now lies.

These are only examples of the daily triumphs of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, in restoring health and reviving wasted vitality. Sold by all druggists.

Mrs. E. Sharpe, Rat Portage, Ont.,

Was the fortunate person to secure the elegant Gold Watch from the Ladies Pictorial Weekly's (of Toronto Ontario,) Prize Competition for Friday. Watches and other prizes given away daily. Send two three cent stamps for particulars.

PASSENGERS.

Per Steamer North Pacific from the Sound—F E Turner D H Spotts, J Anderson, JL Brown J Hoffman, J J Band, E Forestine, G Rosencranty, H E Spotts, J D Cannell, S W Lamping F Lill, H E Levy, W A Bell, J Griffiths, A Campia, J H Savage, T E Tuttle, M Reed, J Carston, J Acroma, J S McNight, T Murphy, Mrs Spotts, Mrs Gwy and sister, C C Teanis, G H Cushing, H Miller, J Bossmer.

Wall papers in newest patterns and colors, a carload just received by Weiler Bros.

Fresh crumpets daily at Henry Clay's, 39 Fort street. *

Carving sets at Fox's.

FINED FIFTY DOLLARS.

J. F. Harbottle Understands What Constitutes Contempt of Court.

In the County Court this morning an application was made by S. Perry Mills before the Chief Justice to commit John F. Harbottle to prison for contempt of court, in that he had assaulted the complainant while he was leaving his lordship's court and was still within its precincts. Affidavits by Jerome E. Church and J. Thompson were read giving particulars of the assault. They stated that they had been witnesses in the case of Thompson vs. Courtney on the 4th of Feb. 1892; that they left the courthouse about 6 o'clock of the same day in company with Mr. Mills and Mr. Devereux; that when they got outside the archway of the law courts, Mr. Harbottle rushed up to Mills, saying: "Take that back, you ——— ———," at the same time striking him repeatedly on the head with much force.

Mr. Eberts, who appeared for the defendant, read in answer affidavits by Mr. Harbottle and Mr. Lockart and stated that there was no intention on the part of his client to insult the court, but that he had been provoked into committing the assault complained of by Mr. Mills' behavior towards him.

The Chief Justice said that the reply was a virtual admission of the truth of the charge and then proceeded to administer to Mr. Harbottle a stinging rebuke *a la Greer*. Every professional man would receive adequate protection from the court, and such conduct as that of which Mr. Harbottle was guilty was clearly contempt of court and could not be tolerated. The court then fined the defendant $50 and costs or imprisonment for ten days in default of payment.

BRIEF LOCALS.

One Day's Doings in City and Province Briefly Related.

Steamer Maude is due from Alberni.

Drink Johnson's pure teas and coffees

Steamer Danube leaves for the north to night.

The upper end of salubrious James Bay is quietly filling up while the wild gay world is whirling all around.

When suffering from toothache try Gibbons' Toothache gum. Sold by all druggists.

Mr. C. N. Gowen last night caught a man in the Phoenix brewery with half a dozen bottles of beer in his pocket.

Two carloads of newest designs of carpets and rugs at Weiler Bros

The lumber cargo of the bark Dominion, consisting of 950,000 feet was yesterday sold to D. F. Adams at $4.50 per foot.

A carload of handsome ladies' desks, cabinets, center tables, etc., just in at Weiler Bros.

All the machinery for the new Phoenix brewery has arrived and a machinist will come from San Francisco to put it together.

A fine line of 1847 Roger Bros. quadruple plated silver ware, suitable for wedding gifts, at Weiler Bros.

A steamer will be chartered to go down the coast on the 25th inst to meet the sealers re-provision them and bring back the result of their coast cruise.

The public library was called everything that was uncomplimentary last night at the council board, but vigorous action is going to be taken to make it more modern.

Drink Johnson's pure teas and coffees

A telegram was received from Halifax, Nova Scotia, a few days ago announcing the death of Mr. Charles Beverly Bullock, barrister of that city. The deceased was the youngest brother of Mrs. Thomas Boggs, who is now on a visit to her son in Victoria.

Sloan & Scott, dry goods, Nanaimo. Besides carrying the largest general stock, make a specialty of art goods. Orders by mail receive prompt attention. *

Cats, dogs, rats and other light cavalry will no longer have the entree into market society circles they formerly enjoyed, as a wire netting is to be strung across the bars of the gates of Gaza at the main entrance. This will grate on their feelings, a sort of iron entering their soul as it were.

For a thorough course in book-keeping or penmanship, go to the B. C. Business College, 43 Government St. Open day and night. Terms nominal. Best methods taught. *

The unfortunate pair of wolves at the Park zoo are to be released. The animals led a wretched life, "cribb'd cabin'd and confined" and liable to the assault of every unthinking person's walking stick. The caged eagles also will soar again into the empyrean and greet their cloud capt crags with the shrill, aquiline scream of freedom, thanks to the city council's clemency.

Within the last few days, several splendid photographs have been taken at the Queen Art Studio, at 43 Fort street. One fine picture, a lady in evening dress, being especially attractive. The work done at this studio is without doubt the finest that can be obtained in the whole world. This is the opinion of all who have seen the work. *

Contract Awarded.

The contract for the Duck building on Broad street was to-day awarded to Fred Grant and the old shacks are being removed from the sight. The price was in the neighborhood of $20,000.

Royal Baking Powder is reported by the U. S. Government, after official tests, highest of all in leavening power. It is the best and most economical; a pure cream of tartar Baking Powder.

THE CITY AND DISTRICT

Use "Highland Brand" Evaporated Cream.

U. S. Silver at Par.

Bring all your silver to Kerr & Begg's bookstore, 45 Government St.

Meeting To-Morrow Evening.

The regular meeting of the St. Andrew's and Caledonia Society will be held to-morrow evening, when, besides the regular business, the tenders for the erection of the society's new hall on Blanchard street will be opened and the contract let.

Reduced His Wages.

Driver McNeil, of the fire department, yesterday received notice that his salary had been reduced from $70 to $60 per month. No reason was given for the reduction as he is the only member of the department that has thus been dealt with.

On a Visit Home.

Mr. Wm. McKinley returned last evening from a three months' trip to his native place, Musselburgh, Scotland. This was Mr. McKinley's first visit home since he left it ten years ago, and naturally he found things different. He made the trip home in 13 days.

Annual General Meeting.

The annual general meeting of the Victoria Athletic club will be held this evening for the purpose of receiving the annual reports and electing officers. There are sure to be several members nominated for the different offices as there are now nearly two hundred members of the club.

The Leper Question.

The city of Vancouver has adopted a resolution similar to the one passed in the Victoria City Council calling to the attention of the Provincial Government the necessity of some steps being taken from time to time for the apprehension of Chinese lepers and for their confinement in a lazaretto.

Down Came the Shacks.

The old shacks on Yates street just below Douglas, which have for a long time been an eyesore, are being torn down to-day to make room for the handsome four-storey block for Mr. Keith Wilson. When Mr. Oliver tears down his shacks on the same street it will present a more respectable appearence.

All kinds of cutlery at Fox's, 78 Government street.

The Public Benefitted.

The wholesale fruit dealers are not going to let their customers the retail dealers be outdone by the peddlers who lately have been selling oranges, lemons and bananas on the streets for 15 cents a dozen. This morning they had a man on the street selling oranges for five cents a dozen and will give them away if the peddler meets them at that price.

The Police Court.

Two drunks were each fined $10 at the police court this morning. M. McFadden, agent for the B.C. Cattle Company, was called to answer to a charge of obstructing Yates street by leaving the gates of the market beside the building, where they were a menace to persons passing on the street. The case was remanded till to-morrow to allow the B.C. Cattle Company to remove the obstruction.

Petition for a Charter.

The capitalists interested in the Canada Western Central Railway project intend to present a petition to the Provincial Legislature, probably to-morrow, applying for a charter for the same. So far as can be learned this scheme gives good promise of reaching a favorable solution. The home capitalists are moving slowly in the matter at present.

The Old People's Home.

The steward of the Old People's Home returns thanks for donations from the following during January and February: Mrs. R. Dunsmuir, Mrs. Fred. Worlock, Mrs. McRais, Mrs. W. Scott, A Friend, Mrs. John Robson, Capt. H. G. Lewis, C.O.O.F. Ball Esquimalt, Mrs. Graham, Mr. Weiler, Waitt & Co., McTavish family, three papers per week for one year; Mrs. Sargison, Mrs. Edwards, A. Clarke.

To Say Good-Bye.

A farewell social was last evening tendered to Rev. C. W. Townsend, the retiring pastor of the Emanuel Baptist church. A good programme of music was provided by the choir, Miss Pickard, Mrs. Clyde and Messrs. Harper and Richardson. Before the audience was dismissed Mr. A. E. Westcott, on behalf of the congregation, presented Mr. Townsend with a gold headed cane and an address.

Prompt Action.

Prompt action on the part of Sanitary Officer Bailey last night saved the residence of Mr. D. Phadden on Elizabeth street from destruction by fire. Mr. Bailey was passing the house when he heard screams of children and on reaching the place he found the rooms filled with smoke and two little children trying to put out a fire which caught some drapery. A few buckets of water quenched the blaze.

Shaving sets at Fox's.

More Aquatics on the Tapis.

Among the many whispers going the rounds at the present time is one to the effect that another amateur rowing club is about to be formed, on a somewhat smaller scale than the James Bay club, but with the intention that it shall develop into a first class institution. Several amateur oarsman spoken to on the subject were found to be enthusiastic in regard to the proposed new club. They say they want a comfortable, cheap and convenient means of enjoying their chosen sport, and they intend to have it before the spring is very far advanced.

The Marbœuf Case.

The Marbœuf case was before the police court this morning. The court heard the evidence in the case, which was substantially the same as on the previous information, with the exception that City Treasurer Kent testified that the defendant had a license to sell liquors. Mr. Hunter raised the same objection as before, that the defendant had already been tried for the alleged offence and discharged, and also objected that it was not shown that the license was issued for the place where the offence was alleged to have taken place. The case was again adjourned for a day.

Table mats at Fox's.

Wanted.

$10,000 American silver at par in exchange for boots and shoes, at Carmichael & Paterson's, 35 Johnson St.

Clearance Sale of Furs.

Capes, Dolmans, Boas, Collars, Victorias, etc., in every variety of Fur, reduced to cost at the City House. *

Just Arrived.

Queen olives, sauerkraut, German salt pickles and mixed pickles in bulk, at Watson & Hall's, 55 Yates street. *

Card of Thanks.

The Mrs. E. and L. McQuade wish to thank all who so kindly and willingly helped to make their two concerts in the cathedral so successful.

The Clarence Hotel.

The Clarence hotel will be re-opened on March 1st. Rooms by the day, week, or month. Per night 50c. and upwards. Offices to rent. GEO. ASHTON, prop. *

Damon and Pythias.

The three lodges of the Knights of Pythias are contemplating the production of the play Damon and Pythias at an early date. They would no doubt make a success of it.

A Billiard Parlor.

Mr. G. A. Burbank and two other gentlemen of Tacoma are in the city looking for suitable quarters where they can start a billiard parlor. They are interested in a parlor in Tacoma and thoroughly understand the business.

The Blotter.

The following cases are on the blotter for hearing in the Supreme Court to-morrow:—Ashwell vs. Jessop, appeal to the Divisional Court; Pangburn vs. Close, for execution of judgment debtor; and the examination of W. H. Ellis, the defendant in the case of Davie vs. Ellis, before the registrar.

For the North.

The steamer Danube which sails for the north this evening will take up the first consignment of Chinamen to make cans for the coming season. Her white passengers are: S. A. Spencer, H. Grant, Theo. Robinson, P. Woolacott, B. Woolacott, C. Barnes, G. Lucas, Jno. Herring, R. Saunders, Mr. Miller, J. Romander and L. U. Congers.

A Beautiful Collection.

Wm. Lindley, taxidermist, has on exhibition in the window of Cochrane & Munn's drug store, a handsome case containing specimens of some of the most beautiful varieties of the feathered tribe from all over the world. This is without doubt the finest display of this kind ever seen in Victoria, and it is safe to say that its equal cannot be seen in Canada. The arrangement and workmanship reflect great credit on Mr. Lindley, showing the excellence he has attained in his chosen art.

Demands Speedy Action.

The complaint about dead animals having been thrown on the shores of Ross Bay is well founded. The locality was visited by a member of the TIMES staff, and there was no trouble experienced in encountering the cause of the complaint. It was noted olfactorily long before it became an optical fact. Somebody has kindly deposited a dead horse on the beach within twenty yards of the road. Near this pleasing souvenir of livelier days is a miscellaneous assortment of defunct dogs and cats in various stages of decomposition, and the circumambient air fairly hums with microbes, bacilli, spores, germs and other protoplasmic life, while the effluvium is too powerful to mention; for particulars visit Ross Bay before the sanitary committee get around. There is a widespread opinion that persons who throw the carcases of animals in such places should be made to suffer for it. Ross Bay is one of the prettiest spots around the city, and a favorite place for walking; the road runs close to the beach, while the cemetery near by is continually visited by people from the city. For these reasons the Ross Bay beach should be protected from the carelessness of persons wishing to dispose of dead animals.

Complaint of the Oarsmen.

The amateur oarsmen of the city have been discussing the advisability of getting up a petition to present to the proper authorities, praying that persons who throw debris, such as planks, boards, timber and other miscellaneous lumber into the harbor, be restrained from so doing. The oarsmen assert that the presence of these floating obstructions is a menace to the safety of all who row in the harbor, and even on the Arm. It is impossible for oarsmen to take out light racing skiffs without suffering great discomfort through having to keep a constant lookout, and in the event of running into the debris mentioned their boats are ruined. They also point out the danger to larger craft, steamers and tugs, of these sticks getting into the propeller fittings and doing serious damage. The proposal is to ask for legislation which will compel persons in the habit of throwing refuse lumber into the harbor to pile it on shore and get rid of it by some other means. It is certain that ship-yard and lumber-yard truck thus thrown into the harbor has a poor chance of being carried out to sea, as is probably the expectation. Were the stuff sorted out and piled up it could be sold at a profit as kindling wood. This is the age when everything is saved. Materials that were formerly considered the most worthless to-day bring enormous fortunes for those who know how to handle them. There is a lucrative business for somebody who will take the trouble with the material complained of by the oarsmen. It is certainly too bad that the fine sheet of water which is such an ornament to Victoria should be made practically unnavigable for pleasure craft through the same cause that is said to make Vancouver harbor an undesirable place for aquatic exercise. The matter will be brought to some definite understanding before the rowing season opens.

The Latest.

Photographs on handkerchiefs, book marks, etc., will not break, wash out or fade, see samples at Jones & Co., 60 Yates street.

The Prairie State Incubator is the best made. McLennan & McFeely, agents.

Drink Johnson's pure teas and coffees

THE FISHERY COMMISSION.

(Continued from page 1.)

had been made by buyers that there were too many tail pieces in the consignments. The obvious reply to this was that the fish here always had tails. (Laughter.)

Mr. Wilmot said fish in northern B. C. waters often had neither heads or tails.

Mr. Ward—I am speaking of the Fraser River, sir.

Witness put in documentary evidence in contradiction to the statement that he was a canner. Respecting waste he knew that the canners were accused of wastefulness, greed, avarice, etc. These epithets were undeserved. The complaints from consignors in Great Britain that there were too many tail pieces, shows pretty clearly that the statement was incorrect.

He had seen offal cast into the Fraser, but owing to the rapidity of the stream it was quickly out of sight.

To Mr. Wilmot—I am not a canner, I am an agent for several canneries on the Fraser. Have had many opportunities of observing their practical workings. Am a paid agent, representing Ewen & Co., Bon Accord and A. J. McLellan, Naas River. Have no further interest in any of the canneries.

Witness said his opinion of the canning business to-day was very unfavorable. He would not take another agency if it were offered him.

It is a very precarious business, as his experience had shown him. Very erroneous ideas of the enormous profits made by canners were in circulation. There had been no statement given of the failures in the cannery business. There were probably not more than three or four canners, outside the powerful English syndicate, who were making anything at all. He had known good men embark in the cannery business and they came out paupers. He knew of one instance, he would not mention names, £6000 of one man's money was swallowed up in a cannery. In the last few years several canneries had absolutely failed. He made these statements on oath and as one intimately concerned in the business. It fluctuates with the supply and the demand. He had known one season where it had been an absolute loss to pack it.

When the unlimited system of licensing was in vogue on the Fraser there were many cases where the canneries were prevented pursuing their business on account of the miserable state of the market. In 1884 several canneries closed down altogether. A little later more of them followed suit. This was on account of the too unlimited licensing.

The average sock-eye salmon weighed eight pounds. About four or five cans would be made out of an eight pound salmon. Some cans go up to 23 ounces. Care is always taken to give more than a pound of salmon. A discussion here took place as to the probable weight of offal thrown into the Fraser, based on figures given by witness as to the average weight of the salmon and the estimated catch, deducting three-fifths of the full weight for offal. Mr. Ward was not prepared to swear to the exact weight. He believed the poorly paid officials did not always get the returns very correctly. Mr. Wilmot said he believed they got them from the Board of Trade.

Mr. Wilmot here asked Mr. Ward if columns of figures added together in a proper manner would give a correct result?

Mr. Ward thought this a frivolous question and refused to reply. Mr. Wilmot said it was not as he was judging by the figures given by Mr. Ward. Witness said that the weights varied; if every salmon caught weighed eight pounds and each salmon made five cans then Mr. Wilmot's figures would be correct. Mr. Wilmot charged witness with hurriedly drawing up a report charging him (Mr. Wilmot) with making a misleading and unfair report to the government.

Mr. Ward, to establish his position in this respect, then read excerpts from Mr. Wilmot's official report. The statements made in the report were unjust to the canners, holding them up as a most grasping body of men, which was a piece of great injustice. Anyone who took a hurried run down the Fraser River, as Mr. Wilmot had, could not gain proper information regarding this industry. Mr. Ward said he took Mr. Wilmot's statement as an insult to himself; he was not a grasping or a greedy person. Witness denied that there was improvident fishing, or that the fishermen were avaricious, as charged in the official report. The report was unfair and improper.

Mr. Armstrong here interfered and said he would not allow any more personalities.

Mr. Ward—Personalities! Is it personality to reply to questions asked me?

Sheriff Armstrong—I don't care, this must stop right here.

Hon. Mr. Higgins never in his life saw a chairman conduct himself as Mr. Wilmot had done—entering into a wrangle with witnesses. It was highly improper on the chairman's part.

Mr. Wilmot explained his position and recapitulated in detail the whole case.

Witness, resuming, had never heard that the offal was injurious to the river except the statements made at Westminster. He believed it was not injurious. If left on the shore it would be injurious. It would be perfectly safe to throw it into the deep water of the river. At any cannery near a slough the offal might lodge and be injurious. Witness thought that an unlimited system of licenses would not lead to overfishing as there would not be any overfishing if there were no demand for the fish. A fairly equipped cannery should have 25 licenses. If the unlimited license system is allowed all should be allowed a license, fishermen and canneries. License to fishermen are of no benefit unless there are canneries to receive the product. Without canneries there would be no need of fishermen. Witness could not see how persons who wished to do so could be prevented from erecting canneries.

The present close season is satisfactory; the Sunday is kept as a day of rest. Some latitude should be allowed in an industry like the cannery business. It was absolutely necessary that the fishermen should go out on Sunday evening, so as to be ready for Monday morning's demand for raw material at the canneries. Witness believed Saturday was in reality the Sunday. There was more debauchery and wickedness carried on around the Fraser River canneries on Sunday than the commissioners had any idea of. The day was much desecrated on the Fraser. Respecting transferring of licenses witness thought there should not be trafficking in licenses. Bona fide fishermen and canners should have them. The license fee should be uniform. It had been suggested that in view of the distance from the seat of government a fishery board should be chosen, such as existed in the United States in the Columbia River district. It was hardly to be expected that the duties of fishery commissioners could be carried out efficiently by officials from far distant localities. It is the earnest wish of the canners to have this matter placed on a reliable basis so that those interested in this industry can find definitely what their operations are to be during the season. The lack of this has caused loss. There had been difficulty regarding labor. White men will not devote their services for five or six weeks at the outside, as the work may terminate at any moment. Judicious regulations would ensure a constant run of fish. If traps or other unfair means were used it would endanger the industry.

Mr. Spratt made some very good guano while working the offal. It was very favorably reported from the old country. As a fertiliser it was very strong. It is very difficult to get it away from here as ships persistently refuse to take it. The freight is exorbitant, and it is unprofitable to handle.

The shipment sent from here was an absolute loss.

He had heard it was offensive but he had never noticed it.

To Mr. Higgins—The pack has increased since 1882. The observance of the close season was a sure preservative. He had never heard of large quantities of fish being thrown away. The run of fish is not decreasing in the Fraser River in consequence of the fishing carried on.

The commission adjourned at 12:30 until 2:30 for luncheon, and was hard at work as we go to press.

The Danites To-night.

Everything is in readiness at the Victoria Theatre for the production of "The Danites" to-night. The scenic and mechanical effects are sure to surpass all expectations. Manager Collins and his artist Alex. Buchan are elated over their success. The company is such a thorough one that every member is as well up in their lines as if they had been playing the piece for months. Miss Mattie Earl who played Mrs. Seabrook in "Capt. Swift" has the role of Billy Piper, and those who saw her as the loving mother will hardly recognize her in this character. Mr. Craig has appeared as Sandy many times before, and Miss Craig as Captain Tommy will be a rare treat for the gallery gods. Prospects are very favorable for a large audience and those wishing good seats should get them early.

Lots of Red Tape.

When the Fishery Commission opened this morning it was found that there was not a bible in the Board of Trade library. Mr. Ward remarked that the board was a peaceable body and did not need one, and Hon. Mr. Higgins said they did not need to swear. "Perhaps they do enough swearing outside," answered Mr. Wilmot. One neatly bound in lots of red tape was borrowed from a notary public by Mr. Ward who said as he handed it to Mr. Spencer, the witness: "Here is one with lots of 'red tape.'"

The Creole

Maude Granger will open her three night's engagement at the Victoria Theatre next Wednesday. Her opening bill will be "The Creole." This grand artiste has won much fame for work as Cora in this play, which is her own dramatized version of Belot's "L'Article 47." Clarence Handyside who is Miss Granger's leading support this season is a Canadian and has many friends in Victoria. During her stay she will also appear in "Inherited" and "Camille."

Imperial Theatre.

To-night at this theatre begins the engagement of that star actor Mr. Arthur Forrest in the beautiful society drama "Divorce." There is no one better or more favorably known than Mr. Forrest, and a very successful season is anticipated during his season here. There is a large sale of seats for every night this week and the management should receive the support they deserve. Prices will not be advanced for this engagement.

Hard on the Horses.

The truck and dray horses which have to make continual trips along Wharf street are at the present time a little bit against the sewerage contractor who hardly gives them room to get along the street. When they do they have to pull their heavy loads through the mud. If the surplus dirt was moved a little quicker it would be better for all parties.

In Chambers.

Cohen vs. Berryman.—Application to sign final judgment. Granted.

Ashwell vs. Jessop.—To stay further proceedings. Struck out.

Martin vs. B. C. Paper Company.—For extension of time. Struck out.

Adams vs. Matheson.—For remission of action to county court. Granted.

Earle vs. the Corporation.

Mr. Thos. Earle, M.P.P., whose horse was killed by an electric wire some time ago while being ridden by Mr. W. Bryce, has instituted proceedings against the corporation to recover $100. The case will be heard at the next sitting of the court.

Y.M.I. Debate.

Seghers Council, Y.M.I., will hold a debate at their meeting on Monday night. There are some good men among the members and no doubt there will be a lively time.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

MUNN & CO. SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN AGENCY for PATENTS

A pamphlet of information and abstract of the laws, showing How to Obtain Patents, Caveats, Trade Marks, Copyrights, sent free. Address MUNN & CO. 361 Broadway, New York.

IN ancient times he who bore false witness lost his right hand; but he who lied under seal in a sealed document or deed, was put to death.

Our house realizes its responsibility when it affixes its seal to cans containing coffee. We have never yet disappointed our patrons.

When you see the seal you may know it has been affixed deliberately and with full faith that the coffee which it protects will delight you.

ESTABLISHED 1864 "NE CEDE MALIS" TRADE MARK

As we send it to you, so you can receive it in confidence that it guarantees the PURITY and EXCELLENCE of the article advertised by it.

Tell your grocer you want no coffee that is not stamped with CHASE & SANBORN'S SEAL. tu-th

PAINT ANNOUNCEMENT

The William Johnson Company having sold their business of the A. G. Peuchen Company (and others), this is to announce that I have severed all connections with them and have started a new business in my factory of Mill Street, where with the new equipment added to the existing plant, I have the best facilities in Canada for manufacturing paints, colors and varnishes. I have also associated with me the principal men who have assisted me in the past in establishing the enviable reputation which the Johnson colors enjoy to-day. I make this announcement, feeling that I am justly entitled to say that the production of my new works will take and maintain the lead for excellence and quality. All business entrusted to me will be appreciated and receive the best care and attention.

WM. JOHNSON,
Montreal.

mh3

CARPETS :— —: CARPETS

Two carloads of Latest Designs, just arrived direct from England.

BEAUTIFUL RUGS TO MATCH.

WEILER BROS., 51 to 55 Fort St.

BANK OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.

(Incorporated by Royal Charter, 1862.)

CAPITAL PAID UP.....£600,000, $3,000,000
RESERVE FUND.....(With power to increase.) £220 000, $1,100,000

BRANCHES:

VICTORIA, British Columbia. | SAN FRANCISCO, California.
VANCOUVER, " | PORTLAND, Oregon.
NEW WESTMINSTER, " | SEATTLE, Washington.
NANAIMO, " | TACOMA, "
KAMLOOPS, "

HEAD OFFICE: - - - - - - - 60 LOMBARD STREET, LONDON, ENGLAND.

AGENTS AND CORRESPONDENTS:

CANADA—Bank of Montreal and Branches; Canadian Bank of Commerce and Branche Imperial Bank of Canada and Branches; Commercial Bank of Manitoba; and Bank o Nova Scotia.
UNITED STATES—Agents, Ban. of Montreal, New York; Bank of Montreal, Chicago.

VICTORIA BRANCH, - - - Government Street, Corner Fort.

SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT.

Deposits received from $1 upwards, and interest allowed (present rate) at 4 PER CENT PER ANNUM.

Telegraphic transfers and remittances to and from all points can be made through th Bank at current rates. Collections carefully attended to. Bullion purchased, and every description of Banking Business transacted.

A BRANCH OF THIS BANK WILL BE OPENED IN THE KOOTENAY LAKE DISTRICT (NELSON, B.C.) AS SOON AS THE SEASON OPENS IN THE SPRING OF 1892.

VICTORIA, B.C., 10th Dec., 1891. WM. C. WARD, Manager

NOTICE OF REMOVAL

MRS. McGREGOR,
MIDWIFE.
Has removed to No. 137 Cormorant St., above Blanchard.
fe27-tf

FARM FOR SALE.

A FARM OF TWO HUNDRED ACRES on West Saanich road, about eight miles from Victoria. Sixty acres good bottom land; forty acres cleared, well ditched and fenced. Price $30 per acre; half cash, balance on time. Apply to GEORGE LINDSAY, 50 Third street, Victoria.
fe22-1m

THE PROVINCIAL LEGISLATURE.

Mr. Barnard, M. P., Apologizes to the House for His Abuse of Mr. Kellie.

The Coal Mining Regulation Bill Comes Up for Its Second Reading.

A Heated Debate in Which the Measure is Opposed by the Government.

WEDNESDAY, March 2, 1892.

The Speaker took the chair at 2 o'clock.

Mr. Martin presented a petition from the Nicola Valley Railway Company.

Hon. Mr. Turner presented a petition from A. S. Black and others, members of the Law Society of British Columbia, at Vancouver, re establishment of Vancouver as a judicial district. The petition was declared out of order by the Speaker. It should have been addressed to the Lieutenant-Governor in council, as it asked for an expenditure of money.

Mr. Horne asked for the return of the petition, which he said, with another on the same subject from the mayor and council of Vancouver city, would be addressed to the Lieutenant-Governor.

Mr. Kitchen presented four petitions from ratepayers of Surrey in regard to debentures issued for the draining of the Serpentine valley, which were received and read.

Mr. Speaker ruled that the two petitions from S. George and Wm. Johnson and others regarding the issuing of debentures by the municipality of Surrey were out of order, the language of the petitions being insulting to the House.

PRIVATE BILLS REPORT.

The private bills committee reported recommending that the prayer of H. Abbott and others with reference to the Vancouver Tramway Co. be granted, and that the petition for the Twin City Tramway Co. be permitted to be withdrawn; also reporting favorably on the Bishop of Vancouver Island incorporation bill and the Sisters of St. Ann incorporation bill.

The report was received.

Col. Baker presented a petition from the C. & K. Railway company.

MR. BARNARD APOLOGIZES.

Hon. Mr. Robson presented the report of the committee to enquire into the complaint of Mr. Kellie of an alleged insult by Mr. Frank Barnard M. P. The report submitted the evidence in the case together with a written apology. Mr. Barnard stated that he regarded his action toward Mr. Kellie as a private matter, but as he learned he had committed a breach of the rules of the House he tendered an apology to the House.

On motion of Hon. Mr. Robson the standing rules were suspended and the report of the committee was adopted.

Col. Baker presented a report of the standing committee on railways, submitting completed as amended, and recommended that the Railway act be amended so that whenever a line of railway met with a line of another company, where it was impracticable to build a parallel line, that the second company building should have power granted to run over the line of the first.

The report was received, and Col. Baker moved that the standing rules be suspended that the report might be adopted.

Mr. Beaven objected to the report being received as it would make the report have the value of a statute, and a statute could only be amended by a statute. He also thought the report should be printed first.

Col. Baker withdrew his motion to suspend the standing rules.

COAL MINES REGULATION BILL.

Mr. Keith moved the second reading of the Coal Mines Regulation Bill. In doing so he reviewed the legislation with regard to coal mining in the past four or five years and referred to the consequences resulting from the employment of Chinese in the coal mines. Four years ago there was an explosion at the Wellington mines attended by disastrous loss of life, and miners came to the conclusion that the Chinese working under ground had a great deal to do with these accidents, and instituted an agitation to get them out of the mines. Numerously signed petitions were sent to the House asking that Chinamen be debarred from working in the mines under ground, and a committee was appointed by the House to inquire into the matter. A great deal of the evidence adduced before this committee showed that the Chinese working under ground endangered the lives of all those working in the mines. When the bill to exclude the Chinese was introduced the movers of it were told that when they brought proof that the Chinese were dangerous the act would be passed. From the evidence produced it could be seen by any unprejudiced person that the Chinese were a source of danger, but it was found impossible to convince members who were not willing to be convinced. The owners of the mines at Wellington and Nanaimo recognized the fact that Chinese were a dangerous element in the mines and after the disaster at Wellington did not employ any more of them. No serious accident had occurred since that time. When the bill was brought in first the Attorney-General and Premier were in favor of protecting the miners; it was their duty to do so they claimed. It was claimed after the act was passed that the law was inoperative and the Premier promised he would make it operative. After making sacred promises these gentlemen turned round and did everything they could against the bill. He hoped the Government would take another swing round. Another petition from the miners and residents of the district was before the House, and he could not see how the House could disregard it. They were told that this bill was aimed at the Union mines at Comox, but this was not so, as it would be in the interests of all. Much was heard of what should be done to promote the interests of British Columbia. Yet many white men were idle and could not obtain labor, while Chinamen were filling the places they should occupy. If the Chinese were put out of the Province altogether it would be a thousand times better off. They did not go that far but only asked that the Chinese and Japs be excluded from working underground, for the safety of life and property.

Hon. Mr. Pooley opposed the second reading of the bill. He said the bill proposed to exclude Japs from the mines, but nothing had been shown to prove that they were dangerous. The Japs made a success of coal mining in their own country and why should they not be successful in British Columbia? No accident had occurred since they began work at the union mines. The bill he claimed was not aimed at Chinese but for the purpose of placing union miners in control of the mines, that they should dictate what men should work in the mines and who should not. Last year a strike was instituted for this purpose, and now Wellington coal was boycotted in San Francisco for the same purpose. Mines were worked at Comox entirely by Chinese and no accidents occurred, and it was shown in a case in which he cross examined at Wellington that old miners committed acts more dangerous than the Chinese did. It had not been shown that a Chinaman had been the cause of an explosion.

Mr. Foster—Yes it was.

Hon. Mr. Pooley continued—Fewer accidents were caused by Chinese than whites, and more accidents occurred in the mines where union miners were employed than in those mines where non-union men were employed. Union men were known to engage Chinamen themselves, and this whole question was one of the union miners wanting to get control of the mines. The mining industry would be crippled if union men were allowed to control them and say what wages were to be paid.

Hon. Mr. Pooley then moved that the bill be given the six months' hoist.

Mr. Beaven was surprised that a man possessed of the ability of the President of the Council could not see that there was danger in employing Chinamen to work in mines underground. Because one or two white miners were reckless did not prove that Chinaman were not dangerous; and because there happened to be an unprincipled man belonging to a union did not settle the question either. It did not require a man of extraordinary intelligence to know that the peculiarities of Chinese made them an element of danger in mines. They were panicky in cases of an ordinary fire, and in cases where coolness was necessary they were found wanting. They did not know how to meet or avert danger or there might have been thousands of lives saved in the province. There were monuments, widows and orphans in the province that showed there was danger in this work, and it was clear Chinese were not fit to engage in it. About the Jap he was not so clear. There was a petition from 2750 men asking for the passage of this bill, and the ears of the House should not be closed because of the reasons advanced by the President of the Council. The members' very sense of humanity should cause them to consider the petitions sent in temperate language year after year. It had been said that the mine owners would take good care to protect their property. A low rate of wages in six months would pay for a great many accidents, but all the difference would not pay for the life of one poor miner killed by accident from Chinese working under ground. The bill did not ask for a monopoly; but if anyone came and asked for a monopoly they got it; and he thought the petition should be considered and acted upon. The employment of Chinese in the mines in British Columbia was injuring the province, as the coal was being boycotted in San Francisco for this reason; and this boycott might be extended to the Southern Pacific Railway, who controlled the largest interests in the mines of this country, if Chinese were allowed to continue working in the mines. Hundreds of men would be thrown out of work, and it was only the duty of the Government to see that this should be averted by a statutory enactment. If the principle was acceptable in 1890 why should it not be acceptable now? He did not think the Government would allow it to be said that the Government of British Columbia could vote one way one year and another the next year. One of the greatest injustices to the Province was the large number of Chinamen in the country. They had been admitted by law and so far the country had been unable to get rid of them; and anything that could be done to induce these men to leave the shores of the Province would be to the country's good. He hoped the country would go even further than the bill proposed, and do what he had advocated for some time, provide, in granting privileges to private concerns, that no Chinese should be employed on such works.

Hon. Mr. Robson said that in 1890 he supported the bill to exclude Chinese from working in coal mines because he believed those who said the Chinese were dangerous. He found out afterwards that the very opposite was the case, as had already been stated by the President of the Council. When this objection was taken away there was no ground to stand on. The Chinamen were in the Province, and it would not do to exclude them from earning a living. The Government had no more right to say that a miner should not employ a Chinaman than to say that the hon. member for Yale should not employ a Chinaman on his ranch. The mine owners had to be treated the same as canners, ranchers, boot and shoe manufacturers, etc. Would the Government be asked to make it a crime to employ a Chinaman? He had been in the habit of getting a Chinaman to cut his wood. The Chinaman sawed a cord in two cuts, piled it, and cleaned up the place afterwards and all he charged was $1.25. The other day he gave a white man the same work to do and he did not make as tidy a job of it, and charged him $2.50. He was not in favor of employing Chinese and would put up with such hardships if the Chinamen could be taken out of the country. It was a fact that the coal mining and fishing industries would be handicapped if Chinese labor was taken out of the country. With regard to the coal boycott the same might be said of canned goods, as Chinamen were employed extensively in the canneries. Matters would only be made worse if Chinese were excluded and the mine owners thrown over to the mercy of union miners. In considering the welfare of the Province he was bound to oppose the measure proposed.

Mr. Brown after twitting the government on the hollowness of their arguments used in opposing the bill pointed out that there was one thing those gentlemen do not recognize. They were treating in a light matter that which involved the risk of life. They said here is a rich man whose rights must be protected; but the lives of these coal miners do not concern us much. The Premier tried to explain the reason of his change of front, but he failed to give any evidence on the subject. It was well known that a Chinaman would do neat work by covering up his defects. He might leave a place exposed in a mine, which in the nature of events, a white man would set off. Then in the case of an explosion all evidence of the cause would be blown up with the explosion. The selfish actions of mine owners should have no weight in the matter. The bill was said to be a movement to give union men control of the mines, but the stand the government took might more fairly be said to be a movement to give monopolists power to grind down the men and say what pay they should accept. If any power was given it should be given to the people. If the mines were only fit to support a few monopolists and Chinamen they should be shut down; but he knew these mines were rich enough to pay the men who worked in developing them. If this bill were not passed it would show clearly that the Government were not legislating in favor of the people; when the country should be governed by the people for the people. He had been told by the hon. member for Comox that if he knew the facts regarding the movement he would vote against the bill, yet the member for Comox did not produce his facts.

Mr. Hunter objected to Mr. Brown's remarks concerning what he said.

Mr. Brown continued that the honorable gentleman had informed him if he were in possession of the facts of the case he would change his views. This was not a question of this clique or that, but a matter which involved the safety of the lives of men. This petition would never have been presented had the miners and ratepayers signing it not thought such legislation necessary. It was not a question of exclusive legislation but whether men ignorant by nature and not capable of throughly comprehending instructions should endanger the lives of others.

Mr. Foster expressed surprise at the argument of the president of the council. He had made statements which had he known anything of mining certainly would never have fallen from his lips. This measure was asked as a protection to men—Chinese as well as whites. The British parliament enacted laws prohibiting boys up to a certain age from working in coal mines, and there could be nothing out of the way in asking that Chinese be excluded from the mines on account of their ignorance. The speaker then cited a number of cases where accidents would have been caused by the careless acts and ignorance of Chinamen had the mistakes not be discovered and rectified by white miners. It was all a matter of protection, and the Government looked upon the monetary interests of the mine owners and the Chinaman as of greater importance than the safety of the miners lives. The petition was said to be a union movement, yet the fact that it was signed by fully 500 miners who did not belong to the union disproved this statement. The Comox miners also signed it largely. He denied the statement that union men employed Chinamen. They had said they did not want to profit by the work of Chinamen, unlike the Premier, who engaged a Chinaman to cut his wood at $1.25 a cord.

The Premier declared that this statement made by Mr. Forster slandered him. He did not want to employ Chinese labor.

Mr. Forster continued, giving evidence to show an instance where a Chinaman's ignorance was the cause of an explosion, the statement of the President of the Council to the contrary notwithstanding. If it was necessary to have competent engineers on trains where they held the lives of passengers in their hands, it was of as great importance that only competent miners should be employed in coal mines, where every miner had the lives of the others in his hands. It was impossible for Chinamen, with very few exceptions, to make reliable miners. They were panicky, religiously indisposed to guard against danger and could not be induced to observe rules of safety. In England men who could not talk English were not allowed to work alone in coal mines, and the bill proposed was no more severe than this measure. The petition was signed by all classes and creeds in the coal mining district. This was not signed through thoughtlessness but was the feeling of years and never would be satisfied till such a bill as proposed was passed.

Mr. Hunter, after commenting on the regularity with which the bill to amend the Coal Mining Act appeared in the House, declared that he was not in favor of Chinese labor, and no one would be more delighted than he to see the Chinese all out of the country. This bill, however, was asking for legislation of the most despicable character, that the Miners' Protective Association might tyrannize over the mine owners and the men employed in the mines. The strike at Wellington was caused by the tyranny of these union miners, a body of men whom it was necessary to send the militia to prevent from committing acts of violence. The community of Comox where the Chinese and Japs were employed was far removed from the terrible passions shown at Nanaimo by these union miners. It must be cheap labor or shut down the coal mines in British Columbia. The boycott Mr. Beaven spoke of was not on account of Chinese; it was brought about by the agitators of the tyrannical Miners' Protective Association which wanted to run the country.

Mr. Semlin declared it would have been better for the Province had Chinamen never been allowed to enter it. These men when they made $100 put the money in their pockets and carried it away to benefit a foreign country. Had white men to the same proportion been induced to settle in the Province it would be much better off to-day. They would have spent their money and energy in developing the resources of the country instead of being sent away to enrich a foreign and servile country. If Chinamen were practically prevented from working in coal mines there would be no necessity for the bill; but, the miners who were the men most concerned said there was a necessity for it and the bill should be passed. He would, however, advise the promoters of it to withhold the bill until just before the next general elections, when there would probably be no difficulty in getting it passed.

Mr. Booth opposed the bill. He thought the charges brought against Chinamen to general too have weight. The proper course would be to keep the Chinamen out of the country altogether. This would be fair to all. As proposed by the bill only miners would be protected from competition with Chinese labor, while the farmer, fisherman and others would have no protection.

On motion of Dr. Milne the debate was adjourned.

The House adjourned at 5:47.

NOTICES OF MOTION.

Hon. Mr. Turner: That an humble address be presented to His Honor the Lieut.-Governor praying His Honor to represent to the Dominion Government the great importance of at once addressing the Imperial Government, emphatically urging on that government that compensation should be made to the sealers for the losses already sustained by them, and that the *modus vivendi* be not extended unless provision be also made to recoup the sealers for any losses they may sustain owing to such extension.

Mr. Sword: To ask the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works what was the amount of the appropriation for 1891 for Cowichan District expended within the limits of Cowichan Municipality.

"The Queen's" Prize Problem.

Mr. A. and Mr. B. have to cut down a mighty tree. The time 'twill take for Mr. A. this mighty tree alone to slay, is sixty minutes—standard time. Beneath B's blow, the bulk sublime goes to the ground in half that time. The question now we ask of thee is, how long 'twill take to cut this tree if both begin—one on each side—and thus their labor to divide?

The Queen will give an elegant Mason & Risch Fine Toned Upright Piano to the first person answering the above problem correctly; an elegant Gold Watch for the second correct answer; a China Dinner Set for the third correct answer; an elegant Silk Dress Pattern for the fourth correct answer, and many other valuable prizes, all of which are announced in the February issue of THE QUEEN. Valuable special prizes will be given for the first correct answers from each province. Each person answering must enclose ten three cent stamps for **"THE CANADIAN QUEEN CALOP,"** the latest and most popular piece of fifty cent copyrighted music issued during the past year, just out, together with sample copy of THE QUEEN. The only object of offering these prizes is to increase the circulation of THE QUEEN, which already is the largest of any publication in Canada. Every prize winner is expected to add to our yearly subscription. **By sending to-day you may secure a valuable prize.** Address THE CANADIAN QUEEN, "X," Toronto, Can. 4t

Wisdom's Violet Cream

Is the most exquisite preparation in the world for softening the hands and face. It is not only a substitute for, but in every respect superior to glycerine, cold cream, vaseline, and like preparations. Try it. D. E. Campbell, agent.

Moving Quickly.

The sale of goat rugs at the Sehl, Hastie, Erskine Co.'s store can only last a few days longer, as the quantity is limited and they are being sold quickly. Persons not having secured some already had better send in their orders or call and select the number wanted before they are all gone. *

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria

GILLETT'S
PURE POWDERED 100%
LYE
PUREST, STRONGEST, BEST.
Ready for use in any quantity. For making Soap, Softening Water, Disinfecting, and a hundred other uses. A can equals 20 pounds Sal Soda.
Sold by All Grocers and Druggists.
E. W. GILLETT, Toronto

Do You Wear Granby Over-shoes? Every Body Else Does.

jan27-tues-thrs-sat-tf

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that sixty days after date I intend making application to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase 160 acres of land at Barclay Sound, commencing at the post northeast corner of James McKay's lot near Pachena Bay; thence west 40 chains; thence north 40 chains; thence east 40 chains; thence south 40 chains to point of commencement.

GEO. A. HUFF.

Dated at Alberni, this 11th day of January, 1892. ja15-2m

NOTICE.

FROM AND AFTER THIS DATE I SHALL not be responsible for any debts contracted without my written authority.

W. F. TOLMIE.

Victoria, Sept. 2, 1891. se2-tf

NOTICE.

I WILL NOT BE RESPONSIBLE FOR ANY debts contracted by my wife or any other person on her behalf.

JOHN J. RUSSELL,
Strawberry Vale Farm

Victoria Dec. 11, 1890. de12-tf

NOTICE

IS HEREBY GIVEN that we intend to apply to the Board of Licensing Commissioners for the city of Victoria at its next regular meeting for a transfer of our license to sell intoxicating liquor at the "Mirror" Saloon, Yates street, corner Broad, to James Munger and Alexander G. Black.

W. R. MUNGER,
JAMES MUNGER.

fe2-td

THE "MUNICIPAL ACT, 1891."

Notice to all whom it may concern:

TAKE NOTICE that I, Andrew Rusta of the City of Victoria, in the Province of British Columbia, intend to make application to the Board of Licensing Commissioners at their sitting in March next, for the transfer from William Somerville to myself of the liquor license of the premises situate at the corner of Store and Discovery streets in the said city.

Dated at Victoria this 30th day of January, A.D., 1892.

ANDREW RUSTA.

ja30-1m

NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, under the name and style of Low & Alice, has been this day dissolved by mutual consent. The business will hereafter be carried on by Mr. Alice, who will collect all debts due the firm, and pay all liabilities.

Dated the 17th February, 1892.

CHARLES P. LOW.
THOMAS H. ALICE.

fe18-1m

NOTICE.

I HEREBY GIVE NOTICE that I intend to apply at the next sitting of the Licensing Court for permission to transfer the license held by me to sell liquors at the premises known as the Gordon Hotel to George Dougherty.

CHARLES BREWSTER.

Victoria, 30th January, 1892. fe1

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that I intend to make application to the Board of Licensing Commissioners for the City of Victoria, at the next sitting thereof, for a transfer of the license to sell liquor by retail held by me in respect of the premises known as the Railroad Hotel, Johnson street, Victoria, to the new building and premises known as the Cosmopolitan Hotel, Milne Block, Johnson street, Victoria.

Dated at Victoria this 13th day of February, 1892.

JOHN REGG.

fe14

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that 60 days after date I intend applying to the Hon. the Chief Commissioner of Land and Works for permission to purchase the following described tract of land situate on the south shore of Nahmint bay, Alberni canal; Commencing at a post on the shore of Alberni canal; thence west 80 chains; thence north 40 chains to the Nahmint river; thence meandering east along the shore to the place of commencement, containing 160 acres more or less.

H. R. McINTYRE.

January 30th, 1892. feb1

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that application will be made to the Licensing Court at its next sitting for a transfer of the license to sell beer, porter and ale with meals on the premises known as Steitz Restaurant, Yates street, from George Steitz and John Pelletier to George Schmith.

WALKER, PEMBERTON & DUMBLETON,
Solicitors for George Schmith.

Dated the 4th day of February, 1892. feb-1m

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that 60 days after date I intend applying to the Hon. the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase the following described tract of land, situate on the south shore of Sarita Lake, Barclay Sound, Alberni District:—Commencing at a post at head of lake joining W. Braden's claim; thence east 20 chains; thence south 80 chains; thence west 20 chains; thence north along lake shore to place of commencement; containing 160 acres, more or less.

G. C. SAUER.

Victoria, B.C., Jan. 20th, 1892. ja20-2m

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that 60 days after date I intend applying to the Hon. Chief Commissioner of Land and Works for permission to purchase the following described tract of land, situate on the north side of Uchucklesit Harbor, Barclay Sound:—Commencing at a post adjoining Josiah Jaques' claim, in Gunboat Harbor; thence north 20 chains; thence west 80 chains; thence south 20 chains; thence east along the shore to the place of commencement; containing 160 acres, more or less.

JAMES O'NEILL.

Victoria, B.C., 12th Jan., 1892. ja12

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that 90 days after date we intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase the following described tract of land situate on Logan Creek an Effingham Inlet, Barclay Sound and about 3 miles from mouth of inlet on east side. Commencing at a post joining N. E. corner of Indian reserve; thence east 70 chains; thence south 80 chains; thence west 80 chains; thence north 60 chains; thence east 10 chains; thence north 20 chains to place of commencement, containing 620 acres more or less.

F. McQUILLAN,
T. J. BURNS, Jr.

December 30, 1891. jan5

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that 90 days after date I intend to make application to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase the following described tract of land situate on Logan Creek, Effingham Inlet, Barclay Sound, Alberni district. Commencing at a post joining N. E. corner post of F. McQuillan and T. J. Burns' claim; thence east 80 chains; thence south 80 chains; thence west 80 chains; thence north 80 chains to place of commencement, containing 640 acres more or less.

FRED WIDDOWSON.

December 30, 1891. jan5

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that 60 days after date I intend to apply to the Honorable Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase one hundred and sixty (160) acres of land, situated in Alberni District, Vancouver Island, and more particularly described as follows:—Beginning at the northwest corner of the land purchased by Beaumont Boggs, being Section 78; thence along the line of the said land in a westerly direction 40 chains; thence in a northerly direction 40 chains, more or less, to the line of the Indian Reserve; thence easterly along the line of said Indian Reserve about 40 chains to the shore line; thence along the said shore line to the point of commencement; containing in all 160 acres, more or less.

W. D. McGREGOR.

Victoria, B.C., January 16th, 1892. ja22

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that 90 days after date I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase the following described tract of land situate on Logan Creek, Effingham Inlet, Barclay Sound, Alberni district. Commencing at a post joining the N. E. corner post of F. Widdowson's claim; thence east 80 chains; thence south 80 chains; thence west 80 chains; thence north 80 chains to place of commencement, containing 640 acres more or less.

MORRIS MOSS.

December 30, 1891. jan5

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that I intend to apply at the next sitting of the Board of Licensing Commissioners for the City of Victoria for a license to sell wine, beer and spirituous liquors in the Hotel Victoria, corner Government and Johnson Sts., Lots 1258 and 1259, Victoria, B.C.

P. T. PATTON.

Victoria, 5th February, 1892. fe5

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that 60 days after date I intend applying to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase the following described tract of land situate on Nahmint river, Alberni canal: Commencing at a post on the river and about 1 mile west from Alberni canal, thence south 40 chains; thence west 40 chains; thence north 40 chains; thence east 40 chains along the bank of the river to place of commencement, containing about 160 acres more or less.

January 29, 1892. FRANK G. NORRIS.

JOSEPH SEARS
HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTER,
Glazier, Paper Hanger, &c.
114 YATES STREET

SING :: KEE
INTELLIGENCE OFFICE.
All kinds of Chinese Labor supplied at shortest Notice.
Contracts Taken.
24 HERALD STREET, - - - - VICTORIA, B.C.
ja15-3m

WING ON
Pioneer Grocer and Provision Dealer
INTELLIGENCE BUREAU
All Kinds of Chinese Help Furnished.
No. 20 Cormorant street, - - Victoria, B.C

DUCK LUNG,
GROCERIES AND PROVISION.

EMPLOYMENT OFFICE
And contractor for Chinese labor at short notice. 42 Fisgard street, Victoria. P.O. Box 457. fe9-2m

TO CONTRACTORS.

SEPARATE AND BULK sealed tenders will be received by the undersigned addressed to John Robertson, Esq., up to Friday noon, the 4th day of March, 1892, for the erection and completion of a frame building on Blanchard street, for hall, etc., for the St. Andrew's and Caledonian Society. Plans and specifications may be seen and any other information obtained by applying at the architects' office. The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

EDW'D McCOSKRIE & CO.,
Architects.

Room 51, third floor, Five Sisters' Block. f22-10

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an application will be made to the Legislative Assembly of the Province of British Columbia, at its next session, for an act to authorize the Corporation of the City of Victoria to borrow money on debentures or otherwise, for the purpose of paying off debts and liabilities incurred by previous Councils; and to replace money diverted from loan to ordinary revenue, and from the purpose named in the Gravel Pits Sale By-law; and to make good and to apply to water works purposes the income diverted from the water works which has been applied to revenue purposes; and to replace the revenue of 1892, used in payment of liabilities incurred by previous councils; to change certain debentures from currency to sterling, and to make principal and interest payable in England; and to permit the disposal of them at a rate below par; to provide funds by loan for the consolidation of the existing debt of the City; to write off certain accounts and change the estimated value of assets, without making the amount an expenditure chargeable out of annual revenue; to amend the Corporation of Victoria Water Works Act, 1873, and to adjust the account of the Victoria Water Works; to complete the cemetery purchase; to further define the city limits; to add to the voters' list the names of those persons who were within the extended limits, as contemplated by section 267 of the Municipal Act; to divide the municipality into wards prior to assessment; to extend the by-laws of the Corporation to the said extended limits; to deal with the assessment roll, 1891; to authorize the conveyance of the land to purchasers under the Gravel Pits Sale By-law; to repeal the "Victoria Municipal Ordinance, 1867," and the "Victoria Municipal Amendment Ordinance, 1869," and Sections 1, 2, 7, 8 and 9 of the "Fire Companies' Aid Ordinance, 1869," and to amend the "Fire Companies' Aid Amendment Act, 1871."

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
City Clerk.

January 21st, 1892. ja22

VICTORIA ROLLER FLOUR MILLS
Self-Raising Patent Flour
Manufactured by the Hungarian Roller Process from the best Manitoba Hard Wheat for
BREAD, BISCUITS, PASTRY, ETC.,
Prepared on scientific chemical principles, and no deleterious substance used in its manufacture.
For the Housekeeper, Sportsman, Lancher, Mining Camp or Seafaring man it is a invaluable article for producing in a few minutes wholesome Bread, Biscuits, Cakes, etc. Only Cold Water is needed to be added, and, for convenience and wholesomeness,
IT -:- CANNOT -:- BE -:- SURPASSED.
ja18-tf

VICTORIA RICE MILLS
Store street, Victoria, B. C.
Millers of China and Japan Rice
RICE MEAL,
Rice Flour, Chit Rice, Etc.
VICTORIA
ROLLER FLOUR MILL
Delta Brand Family Flour,
Superfine Flour Bran and Shorts
No. 64 & 66 Store St. Victoria.
C. B. LOCKART & CO.,
Funeral Directors and Embalmers.

PARLORS: Corner of Broad street and Trounce Avenue. au15

HOLIDAY MIRTH.

"WHAT'S the old man going to give you for Christmas?" "Says he'll extend my note that's due." "Well, that's something—paper-wait at least."—N. Y. Tribune.

HUSBAND—"I suppose you are now taking your usual holiday exercise." Wife — "In what way?" Husband—"Running up bills, of course."—N. Y. Journal.

BILLY—"Our teacher don't thump us boys on the head now when she sees us whispering." Pa—"Why not?" Billy—"Because she thinks we are whispering about the Christmas present we are going to give her."—Texas Siftings.

GREAT EXPECTATIONS.—"Are you going to receive on New Year's?" "I hope so." "Why do you say 'hope so?' I thought your invitations were out?" "So they are, but I expect to receive more than calls." "What is it?" "An offer from Harry."—Brooklyn Eagle.

BAD FOR PAPA.—Mrs. Fangle—"Freddy, what are you going to give papa for a Christmas present?" Freddy—"I intended to give him a nickel monkey on a stick, but I got in straitened financial circumstances, and now I can only give him a cent stick of candy."—N. Y. Sun.

CHICAGO GIRL (playfully)—"Will, if I were to observe the old childish custom of hanging up a stocking, and you were Santa Claus, what would you give me?" Will (indiscreetly generous)—"A splendid mansion, with lawn and fountain and rare plants and beautiful arbors." He is still wondering why she treats him with cold disdain.—Nebraska State Journal.

OUR OWN AND OTHER ARMIES.

THE Russian army is cultivating the use of bicycles.

TWO OF the proud possessions of an Atlanta man are a saber and a cross of the Legion of Honor that one of his ancestors received from the hand of the great Napoleon.

FIVE great English warships are now declared to have guns which are unfit for service. These range from 110 tons to 67 tons. The French 75-ton guns, however, are said to be satisfactory.

THE United States marine corps was first established by the act of congress of November 10, 1775, authorizing the enlistment of two battalions, to be styled "first and second battalions of marines."

A YOUNG pipil in the naval school of Copenhagen, named Simonsen, committed suicide an account of the repeated hazings of his bigger schoolmates. The Danish government has appointed a commission to inquire into the practice. A permanent stop to it is expected.

BOOKS AND BOOKMAKERS.

THE Boston public library now contains more than 500,000 volumes.

CHICAGO does not lack for reading matter. There are 531 newspapers published there.

MADELINE S. BRIDGES, the clever young poetess, is as good a housekeeper as she is a versifier.

THE state of Massachusetts has decided to give financial and other aid to 103 of its towns that they may secure free public libraries.

A "SOCIETY of the Friends of Books" has been formed in Berlin. Every member will pay 375 marks annually, in return for which he will get six to eight of the best productions of modern literature.

THE late Lord Granville once invited James Russell Lowell to dine and said: "It is absurd to give so short a notice to the most engaged man in London." The poet replied: "The most engaged man in London is very glad to dine with the most engaging one."

PECULIAR AND VARIED.

CLEVELAND consumes 30,000 eggs per day.

APPLES were worth from 12½ cents to 25 cents each in the reign of Henry VII.

THERE are about four yards of very close sewing in a lady's ten-button glove.

PROSPECTORS in Oregon have recently discovered the only mine of pure platinum in existence.

A MASTODON'S tooth, ten inches long, seven inches from the crown to the roots and weighing five and a quarter pounds, was found by a prospector on Goble Creek, Ore., a few days ago.

LOBSTERS often travel in regiments, seeking new feeding grounds. Their migrating armies are always led by the biggest and strongest ones, while the maimed and weakly struggle along behind.

SWEET WOMAN'S WAYS.

VELVET ribbon is used a great deal, and the butterfly bows are high, stiff and straight.

FRENCH ladies are taking to cycling.

GREEN is still the color rage of Paris for outdoor wear.

JANE HADING, the actress, always wears slippers and hose to match the color of her eyes.

AN "orange tea" may have orange-colored decorations, oranges served and used in many ways which may suggest themselves.

MISS PAULINE COHEN, postmistress of Sitka, Alaska, and daughter of one of the earliest American settlers in the territory, took her first railroad ride the other day in Seattle. She is described as young, refined, and a charming conversationalist.

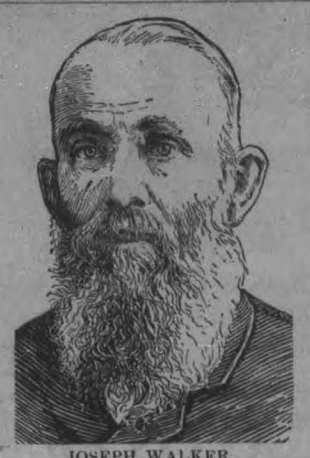
MINES AND MINING.

VERSAILLES, Mo., claims a vein of coal eighty feet thick, the thickest vein on earth.

A LUMP of coal weighing a ton was recently mined in Wyoming and sent to Denver.

A MILLION tons of anthracite coal are being mined every week. This year we have mined nearly three million tons more than last year.

AT the newly discoverd metalliferous mines in Texas the miners struck a "blanket lead" of silver ore almost at the surface of the mountain into which they had begun tunneling.



JOSEPH WALKER.

LOST IN THE DESERT.

A TALE OF SUFFERING AND WOE.

After Thirty Years of Trials he is Safely Rescued From Peril!

There are very few Canadians living who can relate such a terrible history of hardships, sufferings and woes, as the gentleman whose portrait we are permitted to use in the columns of this paper. We have often in life listened attentively to tales of suffering in the forests, on the seas, and on the field of battle; and have been thrilled with feelings of pity and admiration when we heard of privations, daring deeds and brave actions; but never before have our sympathies and finer feelings been so keenly touched by the recital of misfortunes, sufferings and woes, than in the case of Mr. Joseph Walker, of Bloomington, a small village two and a half miles from the town of Stouffville, Ontario.

Mr. Walker started out in life with all the advantages common to true and sturdy Canadians. His ancestors were people of that grand and noble stock that best contribute to the building up of a grand and glorious country; and, following in their steps, Mr. Walker was emulating their life and example. He was blessed with a vigorous life and constitution, and maintained these advantages until the cares and duties of life increased, and the pressure of daily business demanded more thought, attention and hard work. Others around him were vigorously pressing on to the goal of success and wealth with apparent ease, and why should not Mr. Walker keep abreast with his friends on the race-track of life.

Ah! fascinating and luring ambition, thou art often a cruel and false leader. Thy ways leading upward to honor, fame and wealth are often treacherous and fatal. There are quagmires in the way that often engulf the unsuspecting traveler. There are tracts of desert lands with their dry and parched sands which furnish no cooling waters for the weary and struggling victim.

Like thousands of other sturdy and pushing Canadians who worry and trouble about business, Mr. Walker wandered into one of these dry sandy wastes of life, known as the desert of dyspepsia. Like others he had neglected nature's golden and unerring laws regulating health, vitality and digestion. He met in his wanderings through the barren and inhospitable desert of dyspepsia scores of other victims vainly seeking an avenue of escape. They often traveled together, and took counsel with each other, and discussed various plans of deliverance, only to result in a failure when tried. Now and then, they would see in the distance what seemed to be an oasis—a spot of verdure, which would be hurriedly approached in the hope that some cooling stream or healing fountain would exist from which they might obtain relief from their sufferings. Waters,—medicines were often found and quickly tried; but in every case the result was disappointing and discouraging.

Year after year passed, and life was becoming a weary burden—a load too heavy to bear, and Mr. Walker was doubtless, often ready to give up. Thirty years a pilgrim, a wandering sufferer in the desert land of dyspepsia! Think of it reader, imagine if you can, the hours, the days, the months and years of agony of mind and body! It is dreadful to contemplate; the facts seem incredible! At last, with a deep yearning hope Mr. Walker raises his eyes, he discovers a rock towering heavenward emblematic of strength, power and safety. He hurries to its shelter, and, lo! from it there comes a stream which in years past has made happy and joyous many a soul near unto death. We cannot at this point bring out the details of Mr. Walker's rescue from suffering and death in any clearer way than he himself has done in the following letter, which is vouched for by one of the most respectable drug firms in Canada:—

I think it my duty to my fellow men to send you the following testimonial, so that you may let suffering humanity know what your Celery Compound has done for me. I have been a sufferer from dyspepsia for thirty years; have been treated by different doctors, and tried nearly all the dyspepsia remedies on the market without getting much relief, until, seeing your Compound recommended as a sure cure for dyspepsia, I thought as a last resort I would try it; and am happy to say after taking six bottles I was completely cured. I have since recommended it to a number of others, and will continue to do so, as I believe it a sure cure no matter how bad the case may be. Anyone wishing to know more about this can do so by writing to myself, or Rowan & Co., Druggists, here.

JOSEPH WALKER.

The above gentleman (Mr. Walker) is widely known and respected here, and his veracity cannot be doubted for a moment.

ROWAN & CO., Druggists.
Stouffville, Ont.

This is only a sample of the marvellous rescues that are made daily in every part of our country. No other human remedy has such mighty successes to record. Paine's Celery Compound is the only agency that can with safety and success take up the men and women who have been laid aside as incurable by physicians, and raise them up to that perfect health and sound of body which guarantees a new lease of life. Other remedies fail in what they promise to accomplish; but nature's true vitalizer, Paine's Celery Compound, even in the face of despair and death will, if used show its wonderous powers and mastery over disease.

Is the evidence adduced from day to day sufficient for the suffering and diseased, or do they choose to linger on in the vain hope that time and inaction will work for them some miracle?

Lake Superior whitefish, and salmon-trout, also Glasgow beef-ham, received this day, at R. H. Jamieson's, Red Front Store, 33 Fort street.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

REDUCTION IN PRICE OF MILK

Why pay such extravagant prices for Milk and Cream, when by diluting

HIGHLAND BRAND EVAPORATED CREAM

you can obtain a much more delicious article for use on on the table or in the kitchen for less money. It has no equal as an

INFANTS' FOOD.

Ask your grocer for it.

GUARANTEED!

The Best Cigars in the Market.

INVINCIBLE SPOTS

RIALTO

PEG-TOP and L.O.G.

L. O. GROTHE & CO.
MONTREAL. ev21 ly

AMUSEMENTS.

VICTORIA THEATRE.

JAS. COLLINS, - - MANAGER.

THURSDAY, FRIDAY AND SATURDAY,
MARCH 3, 4 AND 5,
Engagement of the
MADISON SQUARE CO'Y,
Who will present Joaquin Miller's Masterwork in Five Acts, entitled

"The Danites"

Produced with magnificent new scenery and effect and an unequaled cast.

Scale of Prices—Reserved Seats, $1.00, 75c and 50c; Gallery 25c. Every lady attending will receive a numbered ticket entitling her to a chance in a Beautiful Oil Painting, now on exhibition in Jameson's window. The only proviso is, the lady must be present on the night of the drawing, which will take place in sight of the audience on Saturday evening, March 5th.

NEXT ATTRACTION---MAUDE GRANGER.

IMPERIAL THEATRE.

Continued Success! A Decided Hit of
RICE'S VICTORIA STOCK CO.
WEEK BEGINNING FEBRUARY 29.
Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday
The Great Comedy Success,

UNCLE :: DAN'L.

EXTRAORDIDARY ANNOUNCEMENT!

MR. ARTHUR FORREST

Supported by RICE'S VICTORIA STOCK CO. will open Thursday, March 3rd, in the Beautiful Society Drama,

DIVORCE.

OUR POPULAR PRICES—25c, 35c and 50c. Box Seats 60c.
Seats reserved at Kerr & Begg's bookstore.

RUSSIA -:- —AND— -:- RUSSIANS

A lecture on the above subject under the patronage of HIS HONOR THE LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR OF BRITISH COLUMBIA and the MEMBERS OF THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY, will be delivered at the

VICTORIA THEATRE,

ON MARCH 7th AT 8 P.M.
—BY—
C. Phillips-Wolley, F.R.G.S.

Late British Vice-Consul to Southern Russia, in aid of the starving peasantry in the corn-growing districts of Russia.

The funds collected will be distributed through English agents, and will not be handled by Russian agents.

Admission to parquette and dress circle $1; gallery 25c. Tickets for sale at the book and stationery and music stores of M. W. Waitt & Co., Government street. fe29-td

CAUTION.

EACH PLUG OF THE

Myrtle Navy

IS MARKED

T. & B.

IN BRONZE LETTERS.

NONE OTHER GENUINE

jan12-1y-tu-th-sat

COAL

The New Vancouver Coal Mining & Land Co., L'd.

(FORMERLY THE VANCOUVER COAL CO.),

ARE THE LARGEST COAL PRODUCERS ON THE PACIFIC COAST.

THE NANAIMO COAL (Used principally for Gas and Domestic Purposes).

THE SOUTH FIELD COAL (Steam Fuel).

THE NEW WELLINGTON COAL
House and Steam Coal) are mined by this Company only.

THE "NANAIMO" COAL gives a large percentage of Gas, high Illuminating Power unequalled by any other bituminous Gas Coal the world, and a superior quality of Coke.

THE "SOUTH FIELD" COAL is now used by all the Leading Steamship Lines o the Pacific.

THE "NEW WELLINGTON" COAL, which was introduced early the present year, has already become a favorite fuel domestic purposes. It is a clean, hard coal, makes a bright and cheerful fire, and its lasting qualities make it the mo economical fuel in the market.

The several Mines of the Company are connected with their Wharves at Nanaimo and Departure Bay where ships of the largest tonnage loaded at all states of the tide. Special dispatch is given to Mail and Ocean steamers.

SAMUEL M. ROBINS,
Superintendent.

Dec. 30.

BRINTON'S CARPETS LEAD!

Immense assortment just arrived.
Choicest designs and colorings.

LACE CURTAINS

Well selected stock. Low price.

THE SEHL-HASTIE-ERSKINE COMPANY

66 TO 68 GOVERNMENT STREET.

"THE GLOBE"

Oyster and Chop House

42 YATES ST., VICTORIA.

OPEN DAY AND NIGHT.

VINCENT & HOLBROOK, Proprietors.

RE ESTATE OF ABEL BESWICK, DECEASED.

To Builders and Others:

FOR SALE—All that piece or parcel of land situate in the city of Victoria, and described as Section 56 Spring Ridge on the official map. Containing good sand for building and other purposes.

ALSO—Two lots, each 140x45 on North Park street, a few yards from Cook street tram line, described as Nos. 5 and 6 of Subdivision Lot 1, Suburban Lot 18, Victoria city.

Tenders (terms cash) for either or both of the above properties to be sent to the undersigned not later than Thursday, March 10th, 1892. The highest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

THOMAS BURTON,
fe24tomh9 22 Kingston street, James Bay.

FOR SALE

ON THE FRASER RIVER,
160 ACRES.

Good land, in Township 14, New Westminster District. For further particulars apply to
D. W. SUTHERLAND,
jy13-tf Mt. Lehman, B.C.

A NICE HOT LUNCH.

Some ha'e meat and canna' eat,
And some would eat wha want it;
But we ha'e meat and you can eat
If you will come and tak' it.

—AT THE—

BEE :: HIVE :: SALOON

Corner of Broad and Fort Streets.

COOK & IRVING
PROPRIETORS. fe8 1m

HOTEL JANION

26 STORE STREET.

Newly furnished in first-class style throughout. Table unsurpassed. $1.25 to $2.00 per day Special rate by the week and for families.

WALKER & REINHART, - - Proprietors.
fe9-1m

PLATE GLASS

We have a consignment of Plate Glass, which we expect

To Arrive About April.

APPLY TO

MUIRHEAD & MANN

2-tf

IMPROVED DENTISTRY.

HAVING RETURNED FROM EUROPE, I shall be pleased to receive my old and new patients at my office, 73 Government street. I am now prepared to furnish you with the latest methods in the Dental art. My specialties are Apparatus for Cleft Palate, my Improved Sets of Artificial Teeth, Regulating Teeth, and the latest setting, Diamonds into Natural and Artificial Teeth. None but first-class work furnished.

DR. HARTMAN.

NEW WELLINGTON

COAL

This Coal, mined by The New Vancouver Coal Company by UNION LABOR only, is supplied by the following Coal Merchants, at current rates:

The Victoria Coal, Wood and Lumber Yard.

Charles Rattray, at Janion's Wharf

Rock Bay Coal Yard.

Central Coal Yard.

"Nanaimo" Coal can be obtain from W. T. Drake.

SAMUEL M. ROBINS,
Superintendent

dec30

THE
JAPANESE BAZAAR

PORCELAINS, : SILKS

CURIOS.

Splendid Choice of Japanese Lily Bulbs.

T. S. FUTCHER,

IMPORTER AND RETAILER,
41 FORT STREET, VICTORIA, B.C.

FOR SALE.

ONE POOL TABLE, nearly new (5 ft. x 10 ft) by Brunswick, Balke & Co., with balls, cues and usual fittings complete. Can be seen by applying to the steward at the Victoria Club Fort street, Victoria. au29 tf

CHAS. HAYWARD

(Established 1867)
Funeral Director and Embalmer,
52 Government street, Victoria.

C. F. MacKENZIE
CARPENTER & BUILDER
Workshop, 67 Douglas St.
Stores and offices fitted up. House repairs promptly attended to. jy3-3m

BELYEA & GREGORY,
BARRISTERS & SOLICITORS.
OFFICE:
White House Block, Victoria, B. C.
P. O. BOX 1083.

SNOWFLAKE

FLOUR
--::-- FOR FAMILY USE, --::--
IS THE BEST.

Ask your Grocer for it. Have no other.

Manufactured by
ISOM LANNING & CO
ALBANY OREGON.

F. W. NOLTE & CO.
OPTICIANS.

SPECTACLES AND EYEGLASSES

Opera, Field and Marine Glasses, and all kind of Optical Instruments.

The Correct Adjustment of Spectacles and Eyeglasses our specialty.

We are not jewelers (simply dealing in glasses) but the ONLY OPTICIANS IN BRITISH COLUMBIA.

27 FORT ST.

Washed by the Waves.

PENDRAY'S - SOAP

It outshines all the rest.
It floats on the top.
Goes further than others.
It never fails.

USE :: PENDRAY'S :: SOAP
You Will Never Regret It.

Makes the home bright,
The children healthy
And Washing Day a Holiday

TO THE PUBLIC.

I have learned that certain parties are going around the city circulating a story to the effect that I have sold my wood business to them. It is entirely false, and if further circulated the guilty ones will be prosecuted. I will have my name on my wood-sawing machine to prevent further deception, and will still be found at 151 Fort street, ready to fill all orders satisfactorily.

N.B.---After the 1st of April I will move directly across the street to 140 Fort street.

JOSEPH PERRY.

fe27-1m

MRS. McGREGOR,

MID-WIFE
Has Diploma from the University of Edinburgh

RESIDENCE:
137 Cormorant Street, above Blanchard
feb24

TO DEPOSITORS

The British Columbia Land & Investment Agency, Ld.

(SUCCESSORS TO ALLSOP & MASON.)

In view of the low rate of interest given by the Dominion Savings Bank Department, and the restrictions imposed as to the amount to be deposited, this Company is now prepared to receive money on deposit, in large or small amounts, at interest at the rate of 5 per cent. per annum, and on favorable terms as to notice, etc.

The offices of the Company have been removed to 40 Government street, the premises lately occupied by the Telegraph Company.

Dec. 30.

REAL ESTATE LIST.

P&M VICTORIA P&M

$350—One lot, 60x130, on Oak Bay avenue car line.
$275—One lot on Tennyson road, 42x200 ft.
$1000—Two lots on corner of Banks street and Leighston road.
$475—One lot close to car line on Douglas street, 60x125.
$250—One lot in "Davidson Addition," Beleskine road, on easy terms.
$300—Two lots on Richmond avenue, close to Fort car line.
$1150—A 4-roomed cottage situate on Fort street. Terms $300 cash, balance two years at 8 per cent.
$200 per acre—Several blocks in sizes to suit, from one to 10 acres, easy terms.
$850—One lot on St. Charles street, close to Fort street.
$700—One lot on Moss street, on easy terms. All cleared.
$850—A 4-roomed cottage, Old Esquimalt road. Terms $300 cash, balance in easy payments extending over 18 months at 8 per cent.
$700—One lot on Michigan street, James Bay.
$850—One lot on Hillside avenue.
$850—One large lot on Gorge road, close to car line.
$700—One lot on Garbally road, close to the Fountain.

P&M Barclay, B.C. P&M

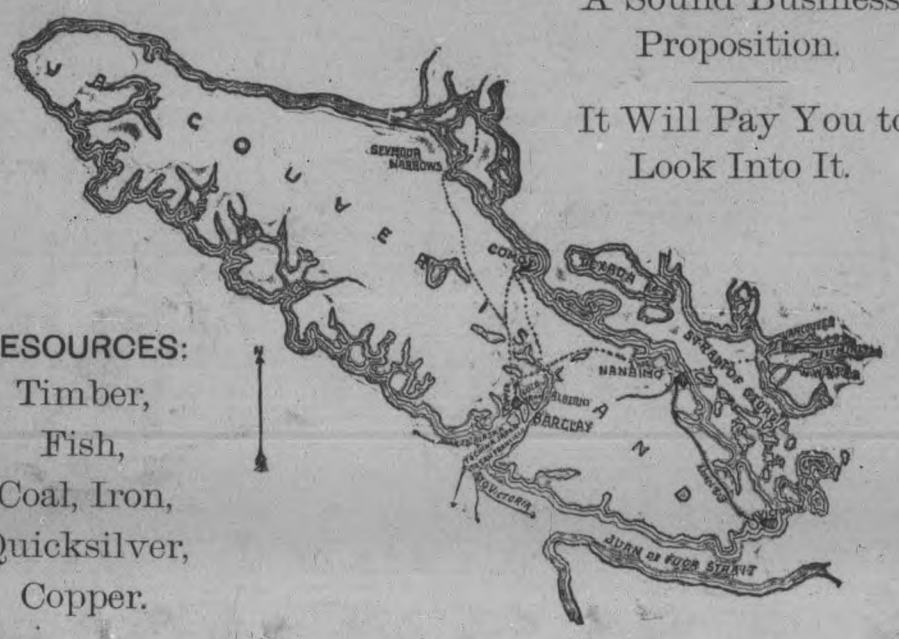
For full particulars see large advertisement in this paper. Lots are now selling at $85 and $95 a lot. Terms, one-third cash, balance in three and six months at 8 per cent.

PAGE & MacGREGOR,
Real Estate & Insurance Brokers
18--Trounce Avenue--18

BARCLAY!

A Sound Business Proposition.

It Will Pay You to Look Into It.



RESOURCES:
Timber,
Fish,
Coal, Iron,
Quicksilver,
Copper.

GENERAL AGENTS { CRANE, McGREGOR & BOGGS,
PAGE & McGREGOR,
YOUNG, BARTLETT & CO.

THE BARCLAY SOUND LAND & IMPROVEMENT CO.

VICTORIA, B. C.

Silver in Congress.

WASHINGTON CITY, March 1.—New England and New York anti-silver Democrats and some of the more pronounced opponents of free silver from other states were in frequent conversation to-day, canvassing the situation and endeavoring to concert measures by which additional strength might be secured for their side in the coming fight in the House on the silver question. As a result it is asserted by several anti-silver Democrats that they have sufficient Democratic votes to defeat the report of the rules committee giving time for consideration of the Bland bill, provided the Republicans stand by them. Enquiry made of a number of Republican members shows that thus far there has been no conference among them nor any agreement for concerted action on the question of consideration of the silver bill. Pierce, Bland and other silver men express undiminished confidence in their ability to defeat a vote on any proposition looking to shelving or defeat of the free silver bill.

PROVIDENCE, R.I., March 1.—Senator Aldrich says the free silver bill will pass both House and Senate at the present session and will be vetoed by the President. In his belief a combination of Democrats, Alliance men and free silver Republicans in the Senate will give the bill a small majority in that branch.

Looking for an Estate.

ANNAPOLIS, Md., March 2.—Governor Brown, to-day, received a letter from Secretary of State Blaine, enclosing a copy of a letter received from Thornton Fell, an attorney at Victoria, B.C., who says that one of his clients claims to be an heir of Albert Kuchewski, who emigrated from Russia many years ago, and died in this city, at or near Baltimore, about the year 1861, leaving a large estate, both real and personal, which Mr. Fell understands, came into the possession of the State, and still remains unclaimed. He asks that he be put in communication with the proper officers who can furnish him with information concerning unclaimed property. Mr. Fell further says that there are heirs other than the one for whom he is acting, residing in Russia, and that they are in communication with parties in Baltimore, who state that the estate is now valued at $40,000,000. It was not possible, today, to learn of the existence of such an estate as above described, and the story received little or no credence here.

Safe at Anchor.

NEW YORK, March 2.—Information received here that the steamer Akaba, lost off Body's Island by the steamer Saturn while being towed by the latter from Turk's Island to New York, has reached Hampton Roads. The tugs Taurus and Underwriter, which went in search of the Akaba, found her in tow of the steamer Early, of Birmingham. The entire fleet is now safely anchored in Hampton Roads.

The delicious fragrance, refreshing coolness and soft beauty imparted to the skin by *Pozzoni's Powder*, commends it to all ladies.

Curling tongs and heaters at Fox's

Lived on a Desolate Island.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 2.—A private letter received in this city from Captain Jones, of the British bark Compadre, which was burned in the South Pacific last year states that he is in Liverpool. The bark was 56 days out from Calcutta, bound for Liverpool, when the jute was discovered to be on fire. All attempts to extinguish the flames proved unavailing. The boats were provisioned and lowered and the burning bark was abandoned. After several days a landing was made on one of the Auckland Islands, three hundred miles due south of New Zealand. The island was desolate and uninhabited, and there the shipwrecked crew remained for 103 days, when they were rescued by a sailing vessel and taken to Auckland. When taken off the island the men were in a starving condition.

The Chilean Cabinet.

NEW YORK, March 2.—The Herald's special from Valparaiso says: Ministers Pereira and Blanco Viel have resigned from the cabinet and Carlos Walker Martinez has retired from the council of state. All three of the members of the Conservative party have likewise left the council.

It is generally believed that other members of the cabinet will likewise surrender their portfolios. The coalition ministry, it would seem, under the present Liberal regime cannot attain any solidity. It is said that the cause of the resignations was dissatisfaction with the proposals of Finance Minister Valder Vergara to rehabilitate Chile's finances and raise her credit in the world's money market.

Fitzsimmons and Maher.

NEW ORLEANS, March 2.—The great fight between Bob Fitzsimmons and Peter Maher at the Olympic club took place to-night. It was for a purse of $10,000, the winner to take $9000 and the loser $1000. About 6000 people can be seated in the auditorium where the fight took place, yet there were almost 7000 who witnessed the fight. Fitzsimmous clearly overmatched his opponent and the latter threw up the sponge after the twelfth round. Maher fought at 178 pounds and the Australian at 165.

They Want Blaine.

NEW YORK, March 3.—The World's Washington special says there is a movement on foot looking to the nomination of Mr. Blaine at Minneapolis, despite the letters he has written. Some of the most prominent Republicans in the country are enlisted in it, and the correspondence on the subject shows that the desire for Mr. Blaine's leadership is still widespread in the party.

The Wreck of the Eider.

LONDON, March 2.—The last 15 bags of mail on board the North German Lloyd steamer Eider, stranded off the Isle of Wight, were received yesterday. All the cargo has been removed from the forehold. It was intended to make an attempt to float the steamer yesterday, but preparations are not yet complete.

The New Greek Cabinet.

ATHENS, March 2.—Constantopoulo becomes Minister of the Interior and Finance, and Philaretos, Minister of Foreign Affairs and Justice. The whole cabinet is composed of new men, and is of neutral character. The chamber will be prorogued to-day. An early dissolution is considered certain.

The Bi-Metallists.

LONDON, March 3.—At a meeting of the Bi-Metallic League it was resolved to petition the Government to offer such inducements to the United States as would bring about the holding of a new conference to establish an international standard currency.

DIED.

MATHESON—In this city, on the 2nd of March, Jessie, wife of Mr. H. M. Matheson, aged 40 years.

The funeral will take place from the residence, No. 49 Blanchard street, on Friday, 4th inst., at 2.30 p.m. Friends will please accept this intimation.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FARM TO LET.

Rosebank Farm, North Saanich

Containing 300 acres, of which 130 (more or less) are under cultivation, fine Orchard, Dwelling, Barns and other outbuildings. Immediate possession.

RENT $600 PER ANNUM.

APPLY TO

Lowenberg, Harris & Co.

mh2-1m

MUNICIPAL.

VICTORIA CRESCENT, from its intersection with McClure street, to Quadra street, is closed to traffic during removal of rock, until further notice.

S. T. STYLES,
Chairman Street Committee.
Victoria, March 3rd, 1892. mh3
(Colonist copy.)

MUNICIPAL.

United States Silver Coin

ON AND AFTER THE FIRST DAY OF March next, the Treasurer and collectors of the Corporation of the City of Victoria will receive United States silver coin only at a discount of five per cent.

CHAS. KENT,
fe26 Treasurer.

CAPT. WILLIAM MOORE

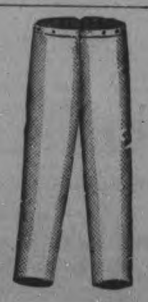
MESSRS. LANGLEY & CO.

DEAR SIRS:—

I have great pleasure in giving you this testimonial for your Balsam of Aniseed, having used it for many years in my family, for coughs, colds, bronchitis. One or two bottles generally effecting a cure in bronchitis.

Yours truly,
WM. MOORE.

Victoria, Feb. 23rd, 1892.
fe17



Tweed Pants,
Made to Order,
$4.00
RUSSELL McDONALD & CO.
124 DOUGLAS STREET.

DON'T SCOLD

Us for insisting in bringing before your notice the

FACT

that Cameron's Cash Clothing Store is the cheapest, best shop in the city for your husband or your boys. We speak to-day to the

LADIES.

LOTS at $350 EACH

OFF PEMBROKE STREET,
Between Cook and Chambers street. Only a few left. Terms, ⅓ cash.

ALBERNI DISTRICT Several sections at $10 per acre.

SHAWNIGAN DISTRICT An improved farm, 160 acres good land, 1½ story house and four outbuildings, only $10 per acre.

Nelson—Government Townsite
Corner lot, 50x120 in the centre of the Government Townsite, $3150.

SILVIA ST., JAMES BAY Three lots on Silvia street, each, $105.

BEACON HILL Lot on Beacon street, $1000.
100 feet frontage, Battery street, $1800

Some choice Business Lots in Victoria for sale.
Several fine Residences in Victoria for sale

A. W. MORE & CO.

TURNER BUILDING, 70 DOUGLAS STREET.

I am bound for Kootenay with a pair of Erskine's famous Waukenphast Boots. Plenty more left at 132 Government street, corner Johnson.

BANK OF MONTREAL

Established in 1817. Incorporated by Act of Parliament.

CAPITAL ALL PAID UP	$12,000,000
RESERVE FUND	6,000,000
UNDIVIDED PROFITS	506,371

HEAD OFFICE, - - MONTREAL.
SIR DONALD A. SMITH, PRESIDENT. HON. GEO. A. DRUMMOND, VICE-PRESIDENT.
E. S. CLOUSTON, GENERAL MANAGER.

Branches and Correspondents in all the leading Cities of the World.

Victoria Branch: Corner Bastion and Government Streets.

EVERY DESCRIPTION OF BANKING BUSINESS TRANSACTED.

Savings Bank Department.—Deposits of $4.00 and upwards received, and interest allowed at the highest current rates.

NELSON, KOOTENAY DISTRICT, B.C.
A branch of the Bank at this point is now ready for business.
A. J. C. GALLETLY, Manager.

STILL A FEW LEFT.

Secure one of those fine Lots at the **Junction of Government and Douglas Streets** before they are all sold. **TERMS EASY.**

Also Some Nice Residential Property on Bellott St.

We are offering some valuable property in the centre of

C·H·I·N·A·T·O·W·N

Full particulars on application to

HEISTERMAN & CO., 75 GOVERNMENT ST.

Ladies of Victoria, insist upon having

OKELL & MORRIS'

ABSOLUTELY PURE

JAMS : AND : MARMALADES

And support a Local Industry.